

# **Body Repair Manual**

# FTO '98

# 0 GENERAL

VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION	0-2
MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS	0-2

## VEHICLE IDENTIFICATION

#### **MODELS**

Model code	e 	Engine model	Transmission model	Fuel supply system
DE3A	HNGHR	6A12 <v6-mivec></v6-mivec>	F5M42 (2WD-5M/T)	
	HYGHR	(1.998 m ℓ)	F5A42 (2WD-5A/T)	— MPI

## **MAJOR SPECIFICATIONS**

		DE3A	
Items		HNGHR, HYGHR	
Dimensions	mm		
Overall length		4,365	
Overall width		1,735	
Overall height (unladen)	f .	1,300 1,305*	
Wheelbase		2,500	
Tread-front		1,490	
Tread-rear		1,485	
Body overhang		1,400	
Front		800	
Rear		775	
Ground clearance (unladen)		150	
Wheel alignment			
Front wheel alignment			
Toe-in (at the centre of tyre tread)	mm	0 ± 3	
Toe angle (per wheel)		0°00′ ± 08′	
Camber		-0°30′ ± 30′	
Caster		2°48' ± 30'	
Kingpin inclination angle		14°10'	
Rear wheel alignment		., .,	
Toe-in (at the centre of tyre tread)	mm	3 ± 2	
Toe angle (per wheel)	† •	0°08' ± 05'	
Camber		-1°00' ± 30'	
Wheels and tyres			
Tyre size		205/50R16 87V	į
Wheel size	i	16 x 6 1/2JJ	
Offset	mm	38	

NOTE: \* indicates vehicles equipped with sunroof.

# BODY REPAIR MANUAL

#### **GROUP INDEX**

#### **FOREWORD**

This manual has been prepared for the use of all service mechanics engaged in the body repair service. Body dimensions, welded panel replacement procedures, body sealing application instructions, and all the other information required to provide quick and accurate body repair service are contained herein. One especially important point is the welding method. All of the vehicle's original strength and durability can be maintained by following the welding procedures contained in this manual.

Note that, in order to maximize the efficiency of the repair work, first, both the extent of the damage and the replacement parts that are needed must be calculated accurately, and then the actual work must be performed accurately and efficiently.

The publications shown on the following page are also available, and should be used in conjunction with this manual.

Mitsubishi Motors Corporation reserves the right to make changes in design and specifications and/or to make additions to or improvements in its products without imposing any obligation upon itself to install them on its products previously manufactured.

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## **RELATED PUBLICATIONS**

- TECHNICAL INFORMATION MANUAL Pub. No. PYME9801
- WORKSHOP MANUAL CHASSIS GROUP Pub. No. PWME9801 ENGINE GROUP Pub. No. PWEE9801 ELECTRICAL WIRING Pub. No. PHME9801
- PARTS CATALOGUE
   Pub. No. B806G208A
- BODY REPAIR MANUAL Pub. No. PBAE9216 (PASSENGER CARS & LIGHT COMMERCIAL VEHICLES)

## MANUAL DESCRIPTION

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The first page of this manual contains a table of contents which lists the title and number of each group.

#### **TEXT**

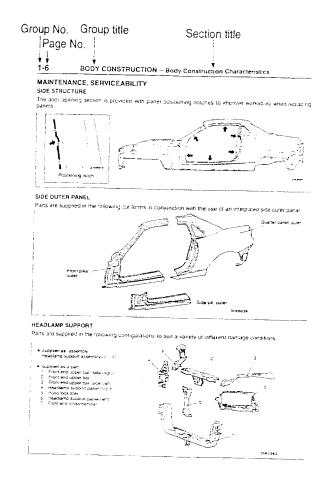
The vehicles to which the information in the text pertains are generally designated according to their body classification. In some cases, other limiting designations such as name, type of drive system, etc., are given. If there are no such limiting designations, the information can be assumed to cover all models.

#### PAGE NUMBERS

All pages are numbered consecutively within each group. The page numbers can be found on the upper left or right of each page.

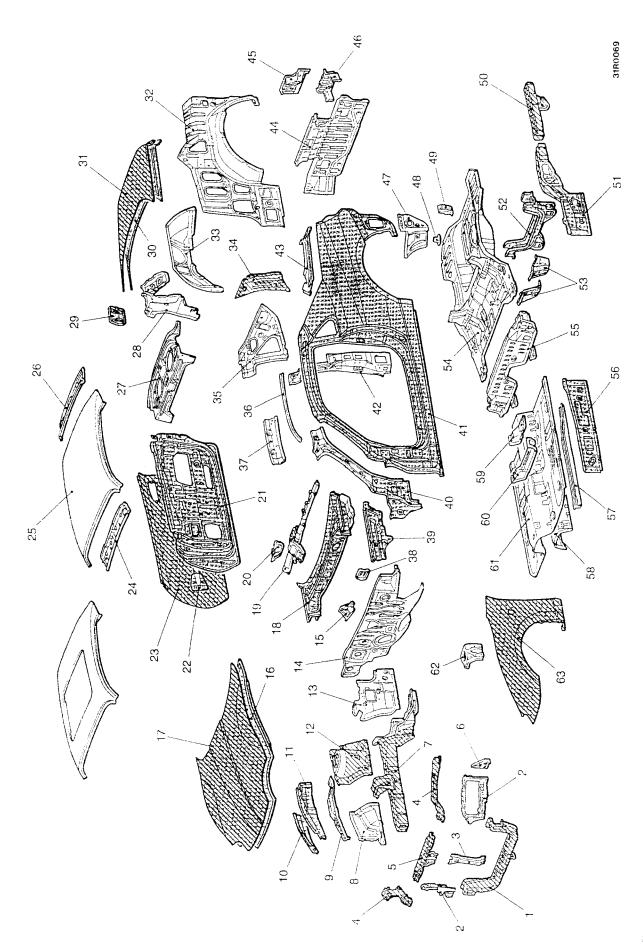
#### **SECTION TITLES**

The section titles can be found at the upper centre of each page.



# 1 BODY CONSTRUCTION

BODY COMPONENTS	1-2
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[[]] : High-tensile steel panels.

Headlamp support panel Front end cross member

Front door side door beam

Front door outer panel

Front roof rail

24. 25.

23.

Roof panel

Rear roof rail

26. 27.

- Hood lock stay
- Front end upper bar, side
  - Fender support bracket Front end upper bar 5.
    - Front side member Front fender shield 9.7.8
- Front upper frame, lower 6
  - Front upper frame, outer 0.
- Front upper frame, inner
- Spring house panel  $\overline{2}$
- Front floor side sill, inner, front 4. 3
  - Footrest bracket Dash panel 15.
- Hood inner panel 16.
  - 17. Hood outer panel
- Deck crossmember Cowl top panel
- Steering column support bracket Front door inner panel

- Quarter outer extension, upper
  - Rear end panel 45.
- Rear combination lamp housing icence plate bracket

46.

- Rear floor side brace Spare tyre bracket 48. 47.
- Rear floor sidemember extension Jack bracket
  - Rear floor crossmember Fuel tank bracket, rear Rear sidemember
    - Rear floor extension Rear floor pan

Rear pillar seat belt reinforcement

Quarter panel, inner, upper

Rear wheel house panel, inner

Quarter panel, inner, lower

Frunk lid outer panel Frunk lid inner panel

31.

32. 33.

30.

Rear shelf brace Rear shelf panel

28.

Fuel filler door

- Front floor side sill, inner Front floor sidemember
- Front seat center bracket, rear Backbone reinforcement 50. 50. 51. 52. 53. 53. 55. 55. 56. 57. 57. 57. 57. 60. 60.
- Front floor crossmember, front Battery pan stay Front floor pan

Front upper frame extension, outer

Center pillar reinforcement

Side panel, outer

Front pillar, inner

Upper frame extension silencer

38. 39.

Side roof rail, inner

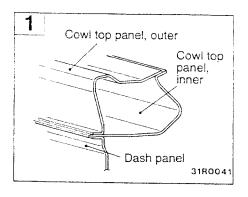
Drip channel

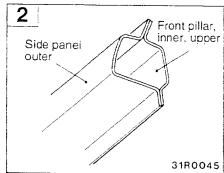
34. 35. 36.

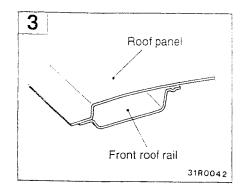
Front fender

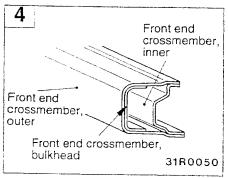
## **BODY CONSTRUCTION CHARACTERISTICS**

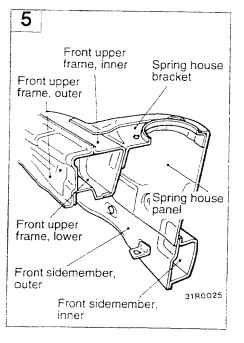
### **BODY MAIN CROSS-SECTIONAL VIEWS**

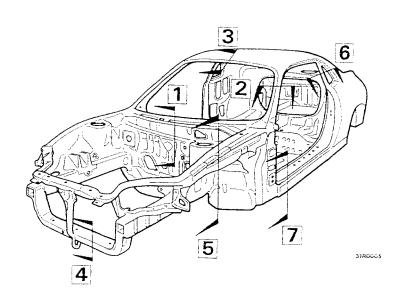


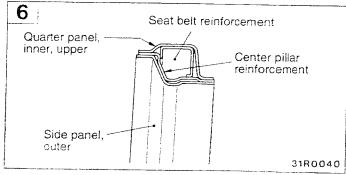


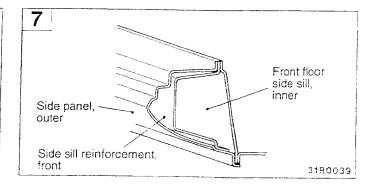


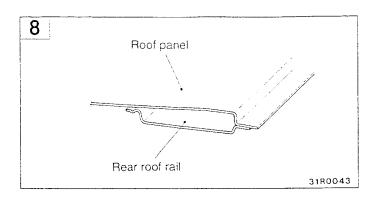


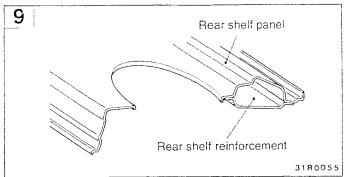


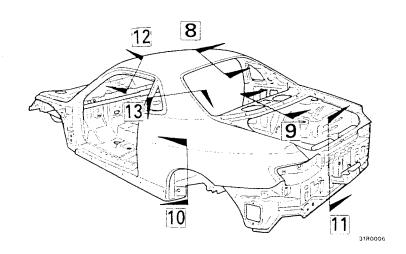


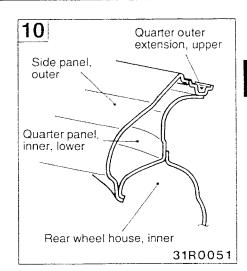


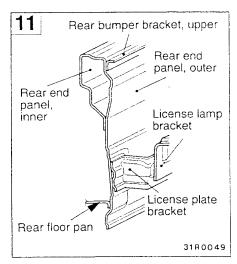


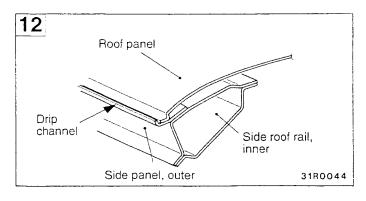


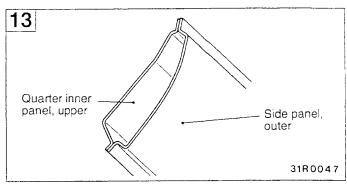






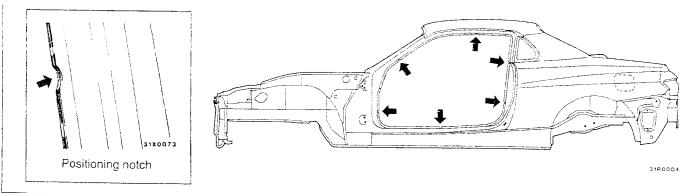






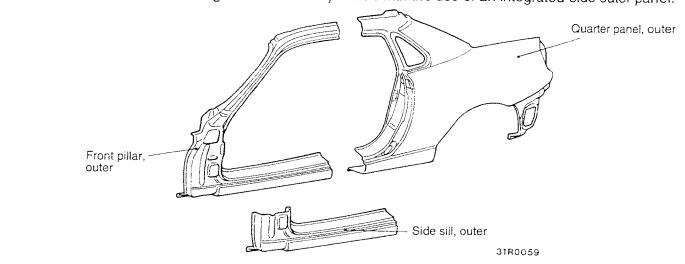
# MAINTENANCE, SERVICEABILITY SIDE STRUCTURE

The door opening section is provided with panel positioning notches to improve workability when replacing panels.



#### SIDE OUTER PANEL

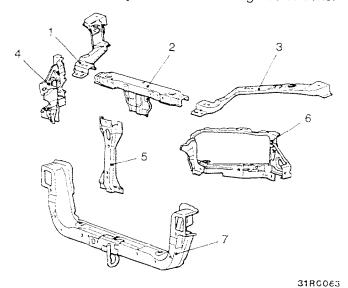
Parts are supplied in the following cut forms in conjunction with the use of an integrated side outer panel.



#### **HEADLAMP SUPPORT**

Parts are supplied in the following configurations to suit a variety of different damage conditions.

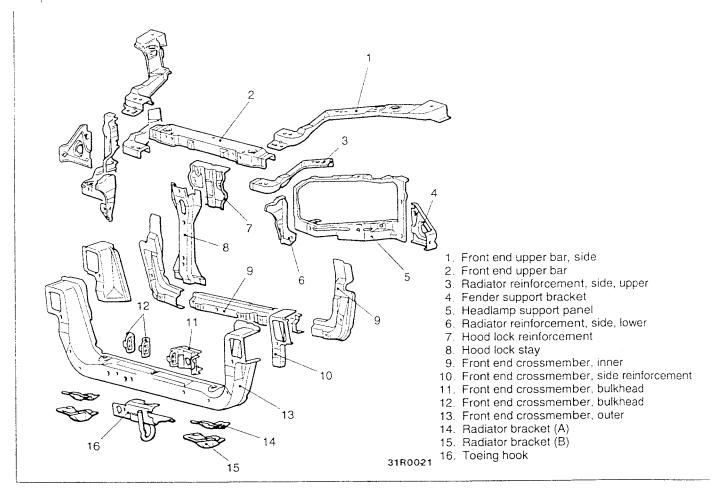
- Supplied as assembly Headlamp support assembly (1 - 7)
- Supplied as a part
  - 1. Front end upper bar, side (right)
  - 2. Front end upper bar
  - 3. Front end upper bar, side (left)
  - 4. Headlamp support panel (right)
  - 5. Hood lock stay
  - 6. Headlamp support panel (left)
  - 7. Front end crossmember

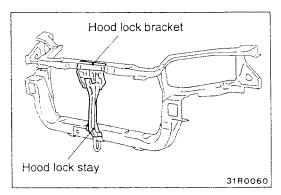


#### FRONT BODY

#### **HEADLAMP SUPPORT**

(1) The front end upper bar has a three-part construction which improves workability when replacing panels.

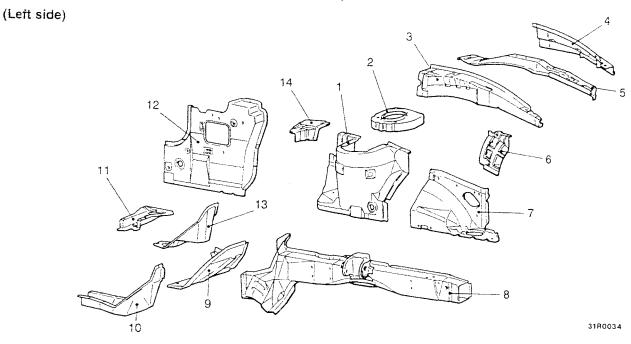




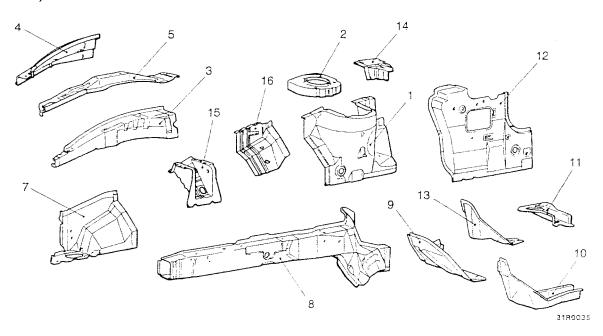
(2) The hood lock stay has a welded construction to increase the rigidity and precision of the hood latch mounting section.

#### **FENDER SHIELD**

- (1) The plate thickness of the front sidemember has been increased and a large-sized reinforcement has been provided in order to increase the backbone strength.
- (2) The upper frame cross-section has been increased in size and crash beads have been added in order to improve energy absorption in the event of an impact.



#### (Right side)

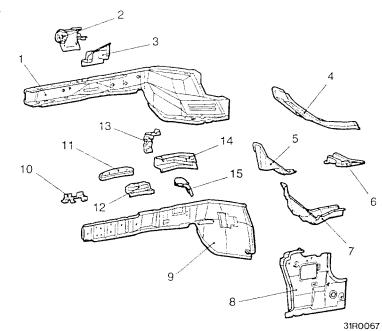


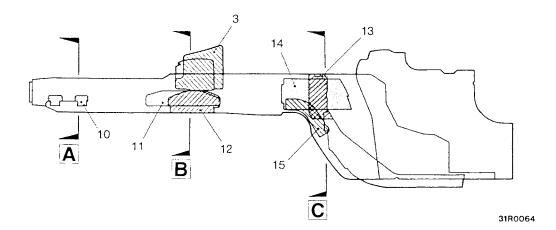
- 1. Spring house panel
- 2. Spring house bracket
- 3. Front upper frame, inner
- 4. Front upper frame, outer
- 5. Front upper frame, lower
- 6. Fender shield inner reinforcement
- 7. Front fender shield
- 8. Front sidemember
- 9. Dash panel extension

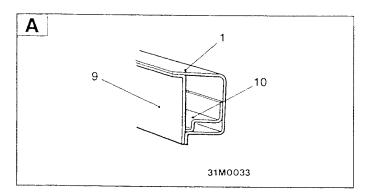
- 10. Front side member, rear
- 11. Side member to floor brace
- 12. Front floor side sill, inner, front
- 13. Suspension crossmember support bracket
- 14. Upper frame extension gusset
- 15. Engine mount bracket
- 16. Engine mount reinforcement

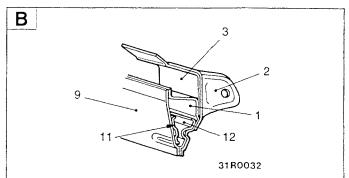
# FRONT SIDE MEMBER REINFORCEMENT (Left side)

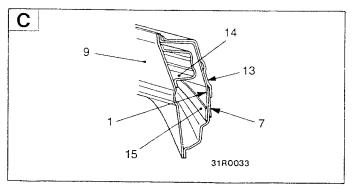
- 1. Front sidemember, inner
- 2. Transmission mount bracket
- 3. Transmission mount reinforcement
- 4. Dash panel extension
- 5. Suspension crossmember support bracket
- 6. Sidemember to floor brace
- 7. Front sidemember, rear
- 8. Front floor side sill, inner, front
- 9. Front sidemember, outer
- 10. Front bumper stay bracket
- 11. Front sidemember outer reinforcement
- 12. Front sidemember inner reinforcement
- 13. Front sidemember rear gusset
- 14. Front sidemember reinforcement, outer, rear
- 15. Mode control reinforcement, lower





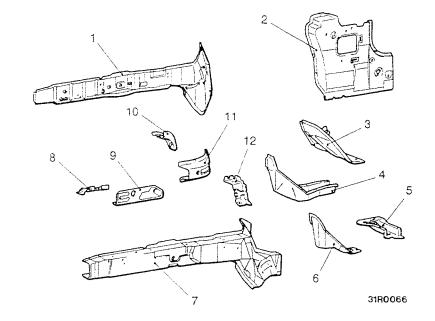


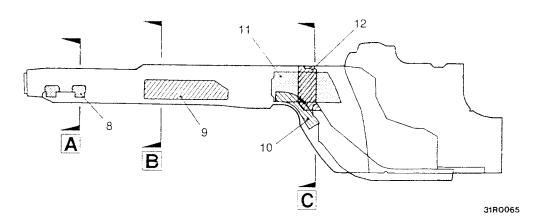


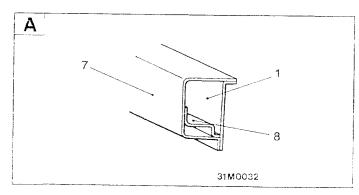


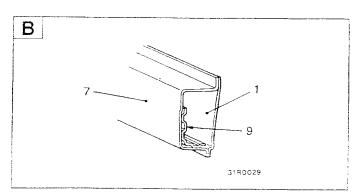
#### (Right side)

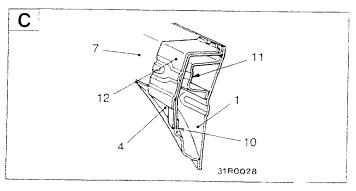
- Front sidemember, outer
   Front floor side sill, inner, front
- 3. Dash panel extension
- 4. Front sidemember, rear
- 5. Sidemember to floor brace
- 6. Suspension crossmember support bracket
- 7. Front sidemember, inner
- 8. Front bumper stay bracket
- 9. Front sidemember inner reinforcement
- 10. Mode control reinforcement, lower
- 11. Front sidemember reinforcement, outer, rear
- 12. Front sidemember rear gusset

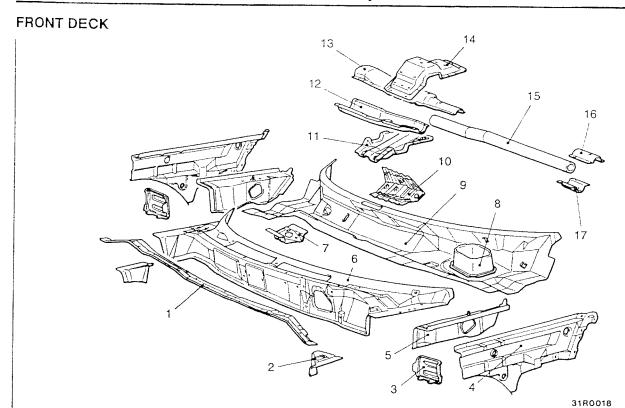






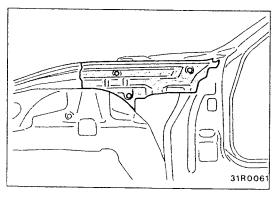




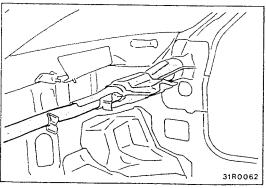


- 1. Cowl top outer extension
- 2. Cowl top outer gusset
- 3. Upper frame extension silencer
- 4. Front upper frame extension, outer
- 5. Front upper frame extension, inner
- 6. Cowl top panel, outer
- 7. Wiper bracket, center
- 8. Air intake duct
- 9. Cowl top panel, inner
- 10. Pedal support bracket

- 11. Steering column support bracket, lower
- 12. Deck crossmember bracket lower
- 13. Deck crossmember bracket, upper
- 14. Steering column support bracket,upper
- 15. Pipe
- 16. Deck crossmember plate, upper
- 17. Deck crossmember plate, lower



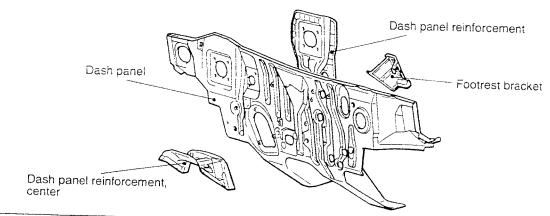
(1) The upper frame extension outer has strengthened the joint between the fender shield and front pillar to increase joining rigidity.



(2) A highly-rigid front deck crossmember has been adopted and the rigidity of the steering wheel supports has been increased, in order to reduce the amount of backward movement of the steering wheel and to maintain room for passengers in the event of a front impact.

#### DASH PANEL

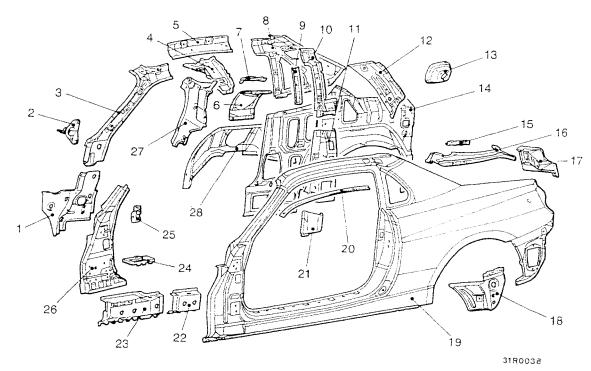
The reduction in size of the dash panel reinforcement provides a large degree of weight reduction for the vehicle body.



#### SIDE BODY

#### SIDE STRUCTURE

- (1) The side sill has a large cross-sectional area to improve the rigidity of the vehicle body.
- (2) The side panel outer has been integrated in order to improve door fitting precision.



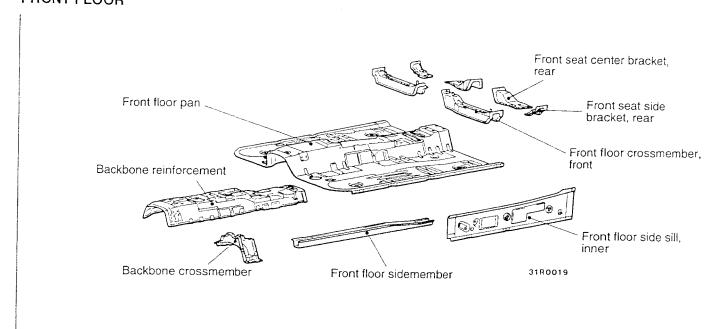
- 1. Front pillar, inner, lower
- 2. Crossmember bracket
- 3. Front pillar, inner, upper
- 4. Rear shelf brace
- 5. Side roof rail, inner
- 6. Spring house panel
- 7. Spring house bracket
- 8. Quarter panel, inner, upper
- Seat belt center pillar reinforcement
- Center pillar reinforcement, upper
- 11. Center pillar reinforcement, lower
- 12. Seat belt rear pillar reinforcement
- 13. Fuel filler neck bracket (right side)
- 14. Quarter panel, inner, lower

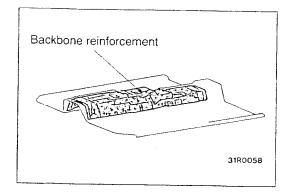
- 15. Trunk lid hinge plate
- 16. Quarter outer extension, upper
- 17. Rear combination lamp housing

31R0014

- 18. Rear floor side brace
- 19. Side panel, outer
- 20. Drip channel
- 21. Quarter inner panel corner, lower
- 22. Side sill reinforcement, front
- 23. Front pillar reinforcement, lower
- 24. Front door checker reinforcement
- 25. Front pillar deck cross bulkhead
- 26. Front pillar reinforcement, upper
- 27. Rear seatback brace
- 28. Rear wheel house panel, inner

# UNDER BODY FRONT FLOOR

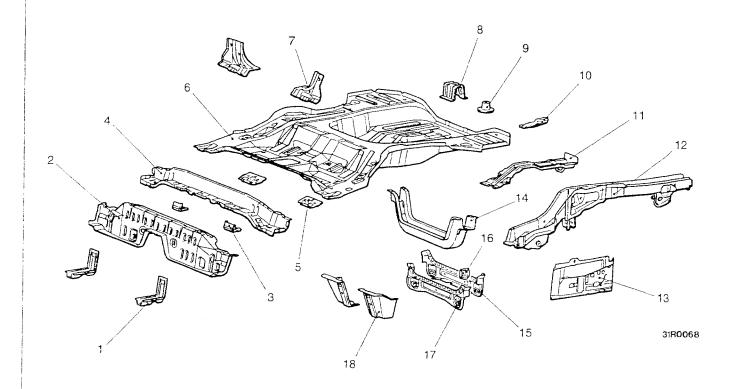




(1) A large reinforcement at the front floor backbone (backbone reinforcement) has increased the overall rigidity of the floor together with the side sill and crossmember.

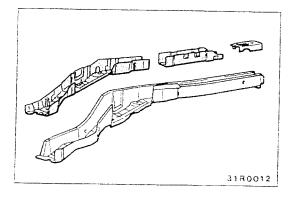
#### **REAR FLOOR**

(1) A reinforcement has been provided at the rear suspension mounting section in order to increase strength.



- 1. Front floor sidemember extension
- 2. Rear seat crossmember
- 3. Seat crossmember bulkhead
- 4. Rear floor extension
- 5. Seat belt rear floor reinforcement
- 6. Rear floor pan
- 7. Rear seatback reinforcement
- 8. Spare tyre support
- Spare tyre bracket
- 10. Jack bracket

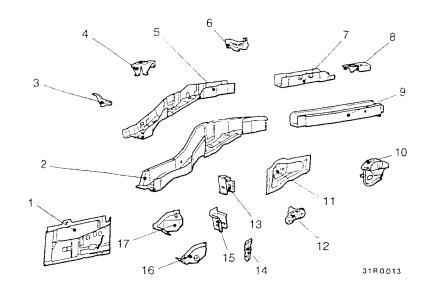
- 11. Shipping bracket
- 12. Rear floor sidemember
- 13. Rear floor side sill
- 14. Rear floor crossmember
- 15. Lower arm bracket, rear
- 16. Lower arm bulkhead
- 17. Lower arm bracket, front
- 18. Fuel tank bracket, rear

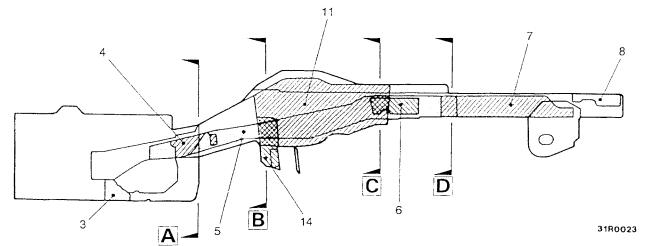


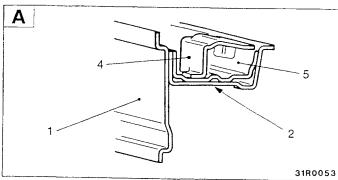
(2) A large-sized reinforcement has been added to the rear sidemember in order to increase the backbone strength.

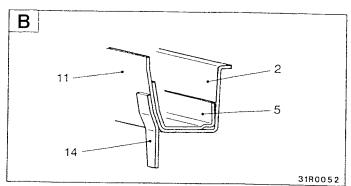
#### REAR FLOOR SIDEMEMBER REINFORCEMENT

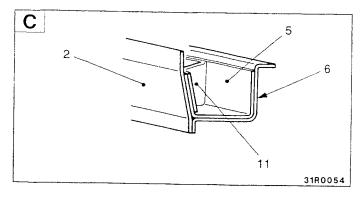
- 1. Rear floor side sill
- 2. Rear floor sidemember
- 3. Rear floor sidemember support
- 4. Rear floor seat belt reinforcement, side
- 5. Rear floor sidemember reinforcement, front
- 6. Rear floor sidemember bulkhead
- 7. Rear floor sidemember reinforcement, rear
- 8. Rear bumper stay reinforcement
- 9. Rear floor sidemember extension
- 10. Shipping hook reinforcement
- 11. Rear floor sidemember reinforcement
- 12. Upper link bracket
- 13. Toe control link reinforcement
- 14. Toe control link reinforcement, side15. Toe control link bracket
- 16. Trailing arm bracket, outer
- 17. Trailing arm bracket, inner

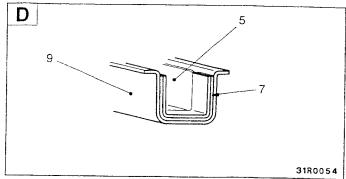








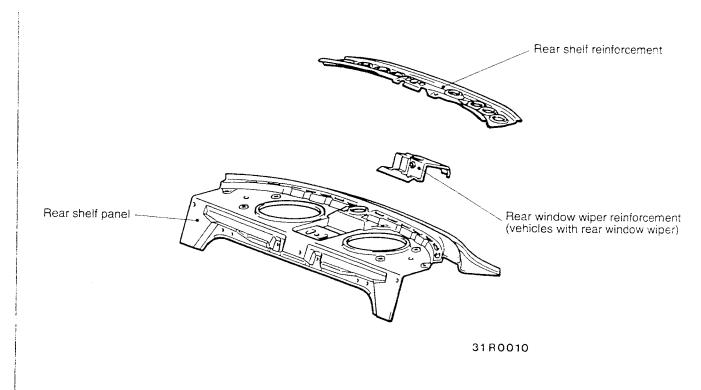




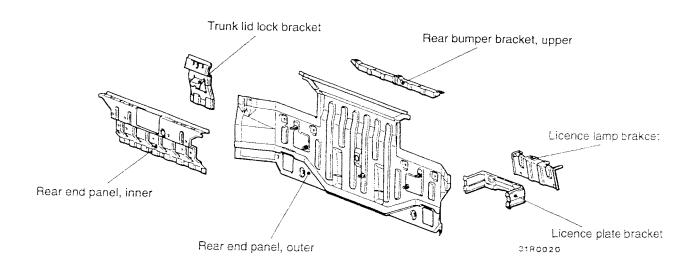
#### **REAR BODY**

#### **REAR DECK**

A large-sized reinforcement has been provided inside the rear shelf in order to increase the rigidity of the rear deck.



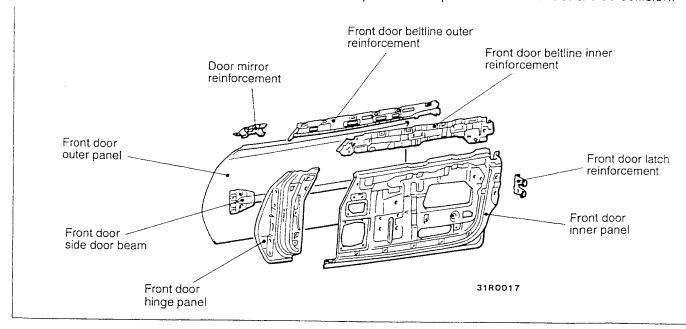
#### **REAR END PANEL**



# **ROOF** (Standard roof) (Sunroof) 31R0015 1. Front roof rail 2. Roof carrier plate 3. Roof panel 4. Rear roof rail 31R0016 5. Roof reinforcement

#### **DOOR**

The side door beam has been used inside the door to protect occupants in the event of a side collision.



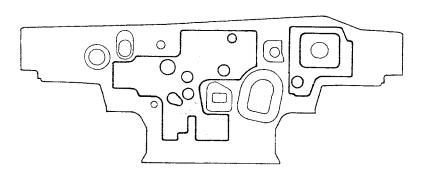
## SILENCER APPLICATION LOCATION

In order to reduce vibration and screen out heat from the exhaust gas, silencer (melting sheets) are applied to the top of the floor and to the dash panel.

In addition, MD-12 sheet and MD-10 sheet have been attached to the front floor panel to further improve noise insulation.

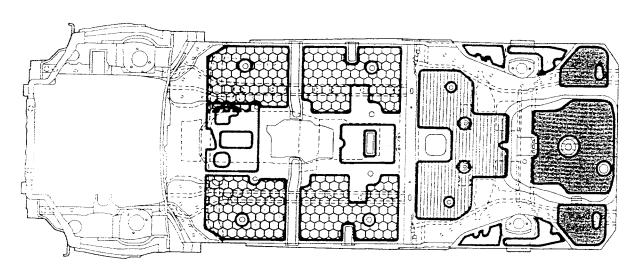
NOTE: MD-12 sheet and MD-10 sheet

High-performance sheets with improved vibration reduction characteristics, consisting of asphalt with materials such as mica and thermosetting plastic resin added.



Passenger compartment side of the dash panel

31R0056



31R0070

1:1.6 mm thick

: 3.2 mm thick (two layers of 1.6 mm-thick silencer)

: 4.8 mm thick (three layers of 1.6 mm-thick silencer)

: MD-10 sheet 3.2 mm thick

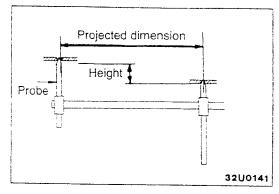
(two layers of 1.6 mm-thick silencer)

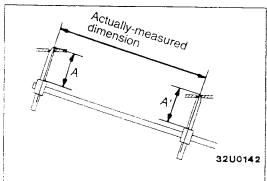
TH: MD-12 sheet 4.8 mm thick

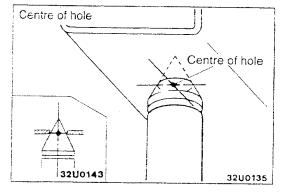
(three layers of 1.6 mm-thick silencer)

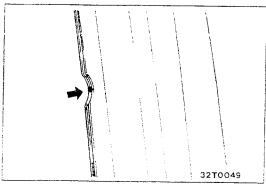
# 2 BODY DIMENSIONS

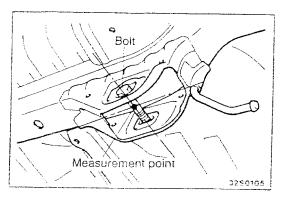
BODY DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT	2-2
TYPE A (PROJECTED DIMENSIONS)	
UNDER BODY	
SUSPENSION INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS	
TYPE B (ACTUAL-MEASUREMENT DIMENSIONS)	
UNDER BODY	
SUSPENSION INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS	
SIDE BODY	2-7
FRONT BODY	
REAR BODY	
NITEDIOD	n 11











# BODY DIMENSIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

# STANDARD DIMENSIONS INDICATIONS AND MEASUREMENT METHODS

- (1) Type A (projected dimensions) Indicates the dimension when a measurement location is projected onto a plane. The difference in height of the measurement points should be taken into consideration when measuring.
- (2) Type B (actual-measurement dimensions) Indicates the actual distance between the measurement points. Measure using a tracking gauge or a measuring tape, etc.

#### NOTE

- Make the lengths of the tracking gauge probes the same (A=A').
- Do not bend or twist the measuring tape.
- (3) Insert the tracking gauge probes securely into the measurement holes.
- (4) When the standard dimensions in the illustration are enclosed by  $\square$ , this indicates that the symmetrical left and right positions have the same dimensions.
- (5) When using a notch for dimension measurement, make the measuring point at the centre of the notch.

(6) When measuring the suspension mounting arm or the link mounting position, use the suspension mounting bolt as the measuring point.

#### **BODY CENTRE POINT**

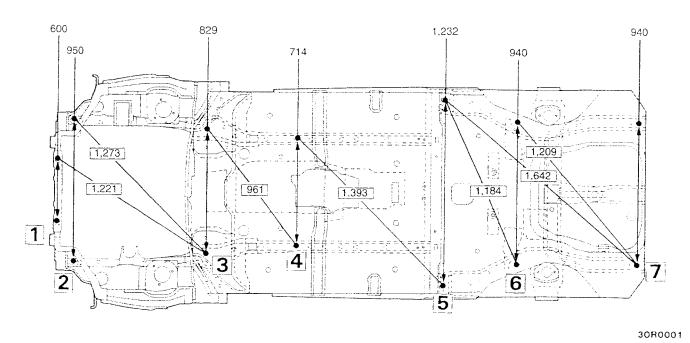
The body centre points are shown for the purpose of checking the position of the left and right symmetry locations.

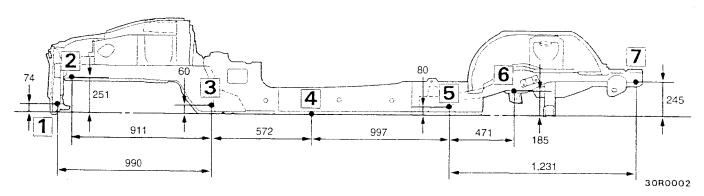
# 9

## TYPE A (PROJECTED DIMENSIONS)

Unit: mm

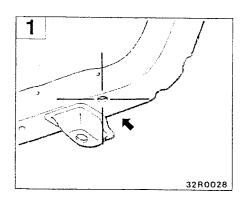
#### **UNDER BODY**

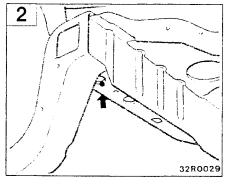


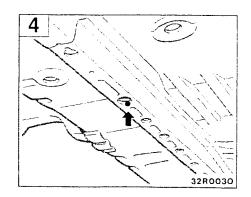


No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size
1*	Centre of front bumper mounting hole	○-8	5*	Rear portion of rear seat crossmember positioning hole	◯ – 22x38
2	Rear portion of front bumper stay mounting hole	○ – 30	6	Centre of rear floor sidemember drain hole	0-20
3*	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	left ○ - 14 right ○ - 18	7*	Centre of rear floor sidemember extension drain hole	○-20
4*	Rear portion of front floor sidemember	O <b>–</b> 25			<del></del>

NOTE: The \* mark indicates the mounting position for the frame centering gauge.

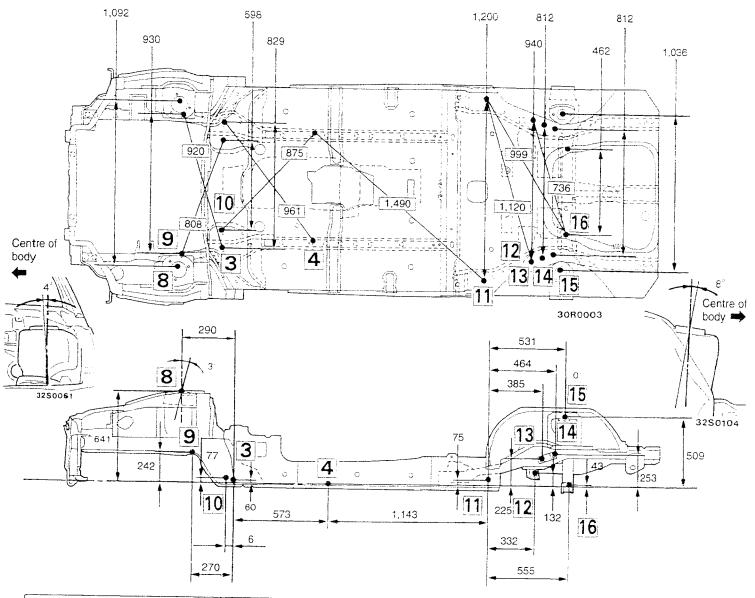




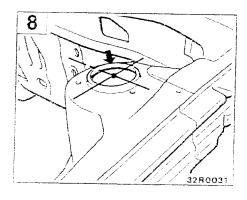


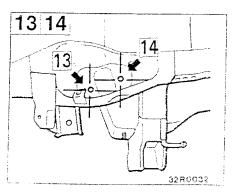
## SUSPENSION INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS

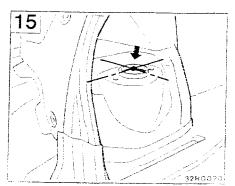
Unit: mm



No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size
8	Centre of strut insulator	○ – 110	13	Centre of upper link mounting hole	○ - 14
9	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	○ – 15	14	Centre of upper link mounting hole	0 – 14
10	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	0-16	15	Centre of rear shock absorber mounting hole	
11	Centre of trailing arm mounting hole	ļ —		Lower arm mounting position	
12	Centre of control link mounting hole	: -			



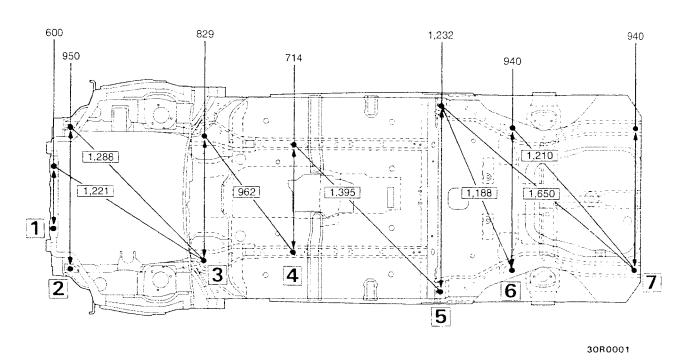




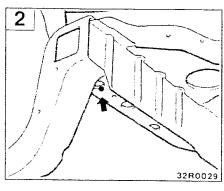
# TYPE B (ACTUAL-MEASUREMENT DIMENSION)

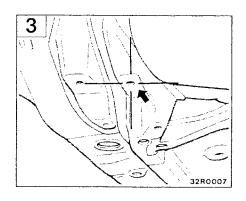
Unit: mm

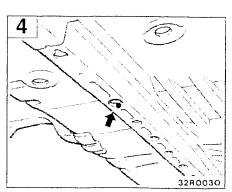
#### **UNDER BODY**

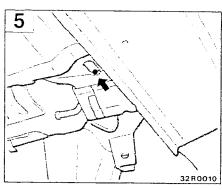


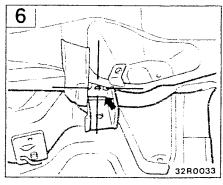
No.	Standard measurement point	Hote Size	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size
1	Centre of front bumper mounting hole	0-8	5	Rear portion of rear seat crossmember positioning hole	○ - 22×38
2	Centre of front bumper stay mounting hole	○ - 30	6	Centre of rear floor sidemember drain hole	O – 20
3	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	left ○ - 14 right ○ - 18	7	Centre of rear floor sidemember extension drain hole	0-20
4	Rear portion of front floor sidemember	O - 25	-		<del></del>

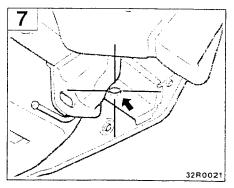






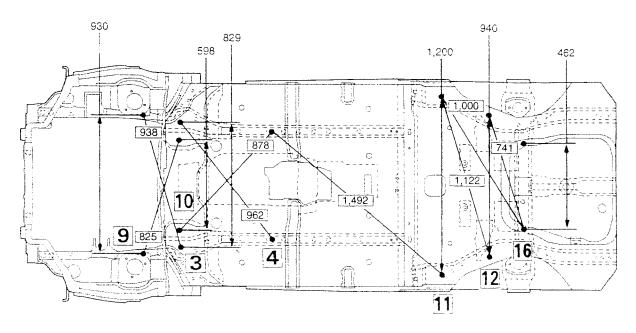






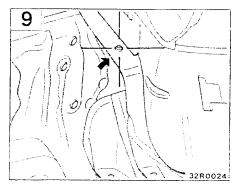
### SUSPENSION INSTALLATION DIMENSIONS

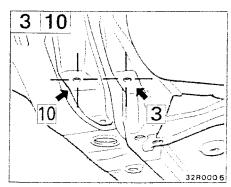
Unit: mm

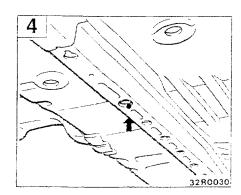


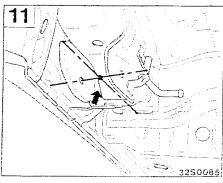
30R0005

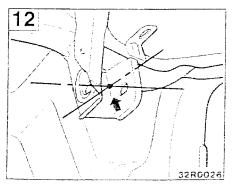
No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size shape mm	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size
3	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	left ○ - 14 right ○ - 18	11	Trailing arm mounting position	
4	Rear portion of front floor sidemember positioning hole	○ – 25	12	Control link mounting position	
9	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	○ – 15	16	Lower arm mounting position	
10	Centre of suspension crossmember mounting hole	○ – 16			

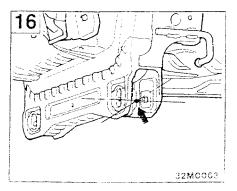




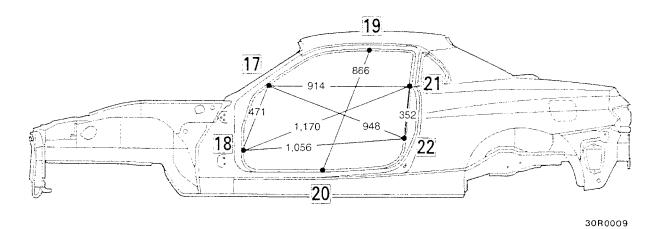


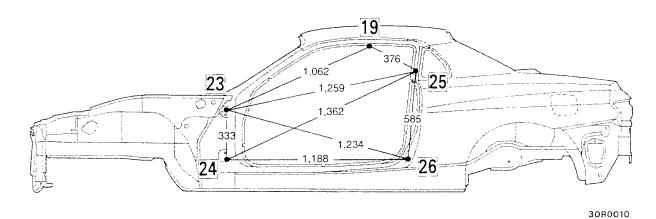


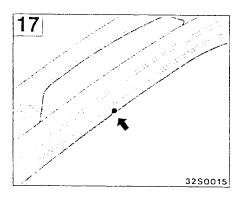




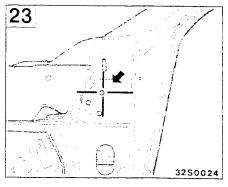
SIDE BODY Unit: mm

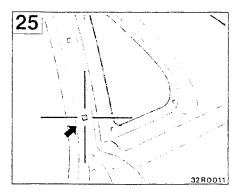


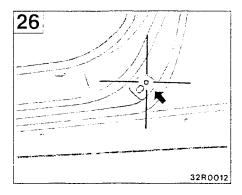




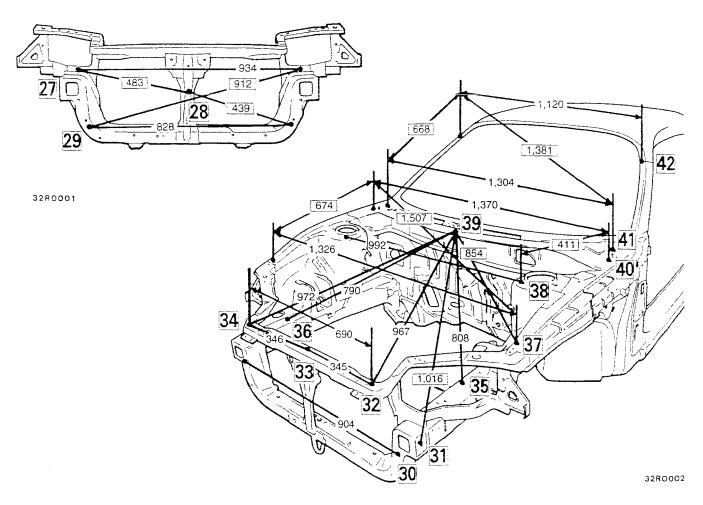
No.	Standard measurement point	Hote Size shape mm
17	Front pillar positioning notch (upper section)	
18	Front pillar positioning notch (lower portion)	
19	Side roof rail positioning notch	
20	Side sill positioning notch	
21	Centre pillar positioning notch (upper section)	
22	Centre pillar positioning notch (lower section)	
23	Centre of door hinge mounting hole	O – 10
24	Centre of door hinge mounting hole	○-10
25	Centre of weatherstrip holder mounting hole	□ - 6.7×6.7
26	Centre of door switch mounting hole	○-5



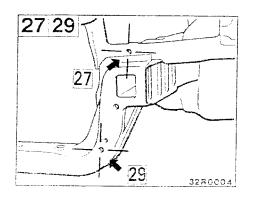


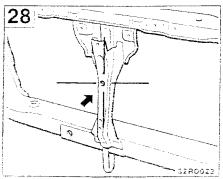


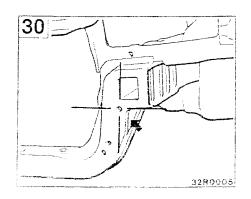
FRONT BODY Unit: mm

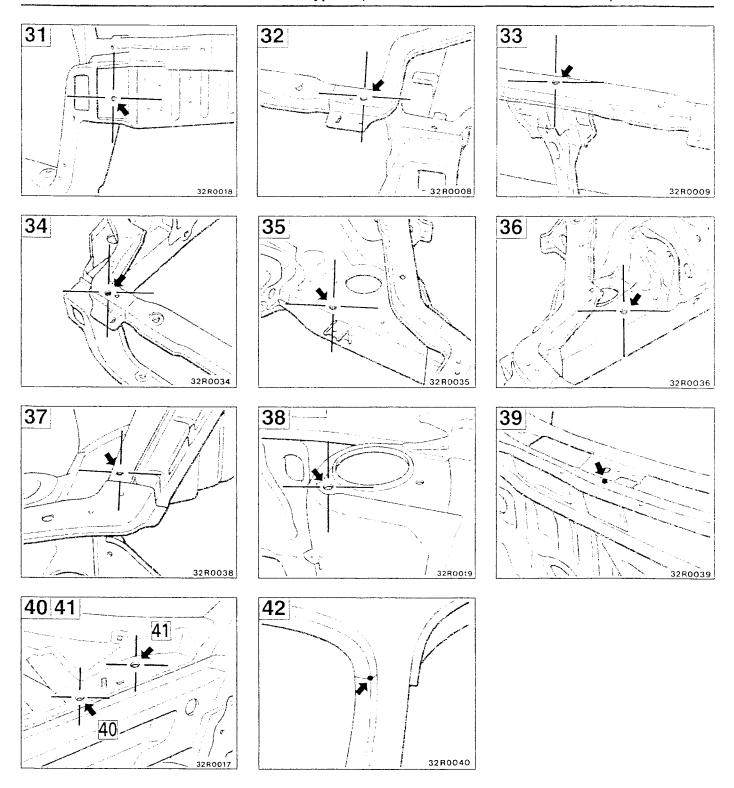


No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size shape mm	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size
27	Centre of headlamp support panel positioning hole	○-10	35	Centre of air cleaner mounting hole	○ - 6.6
28	Centre of hood lock stay guide hole	○-9	35	Centre of power steering hose mounting hole	0-9
29	Centre of front end crossmember duct mounting hole	0-9	37	Centre of fender panel mounting hole	○ – 6.6
30	Centre of front end crossmernber positioning hale	O – 12	38	Centre of front strut mounting hole	0 - 11.5
31	Left side: Centre of washer tank mounting hole	O 6.6	39	Body centre point	
J I	Right side: Centre of under cover mounting hole	○-9	40	Centre of fender panel mounting hole	○-9
32	Centre of radiator mounting hole	0 - 11	41	Centre of hood hinge mounting hole	C = 11
33	Centre of front end upper bar positioning hole (body center)	○ – 10	42	Joint between side outer panel and roof panel	
34	Centre of radiator mounting hole	○-11			

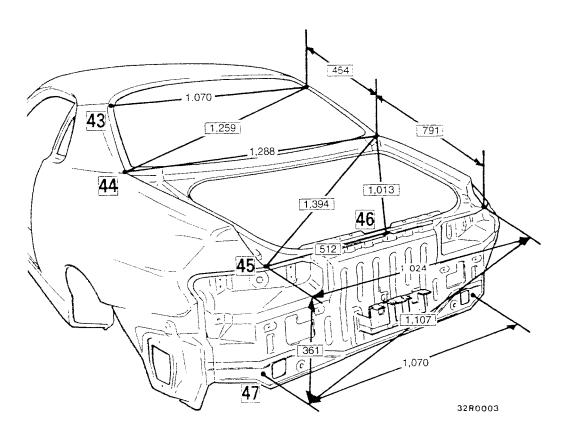




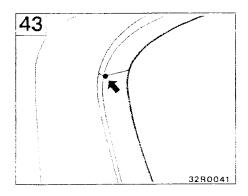


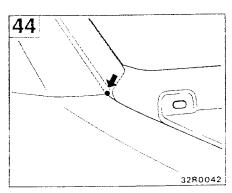


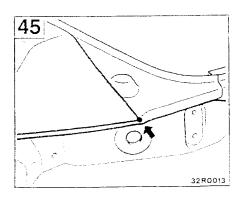
REAR BODY Unit: mm

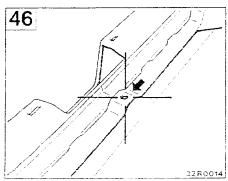


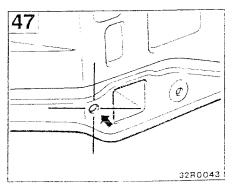
No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size	No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size shape mm:
43	Joint between side outer panel and roof panel		46	Centre of rear bumper mounting hole	0-7
44	Side outer panel press-line end		47	Centre of rear end panel positioning hole	○ – 16
45	Side outer panel projection				



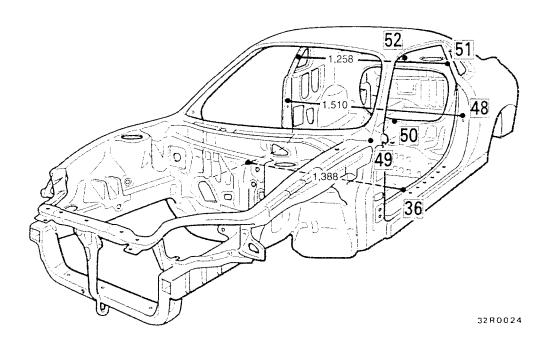




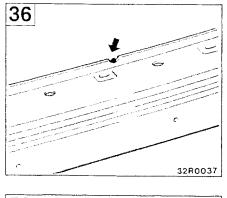


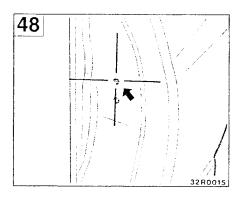


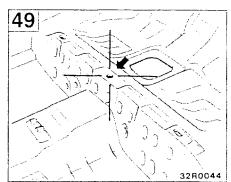
INTERIOR Unit: mm

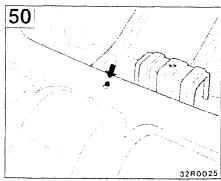


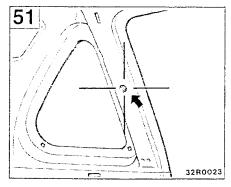
No.	Standard measurement point	Hole Size	No.	Standard measurement point		Size mm
36	Side sill positioning notch	—	50	Body centre point		
48	Centre of door striker mounting hole	○ – 14	51	Centre of seat belt anchor mounting hole	0 - 15	5
49	Centre of floor carpet mounting hole (body centre)	○-6	52	Body centre point	0 - 15	5

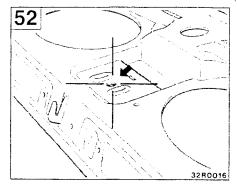










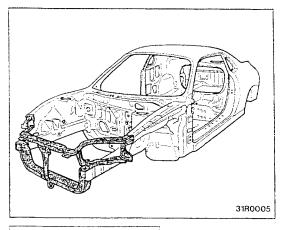


NOTES

# 3 WELDED PANEL REPLACEMENT

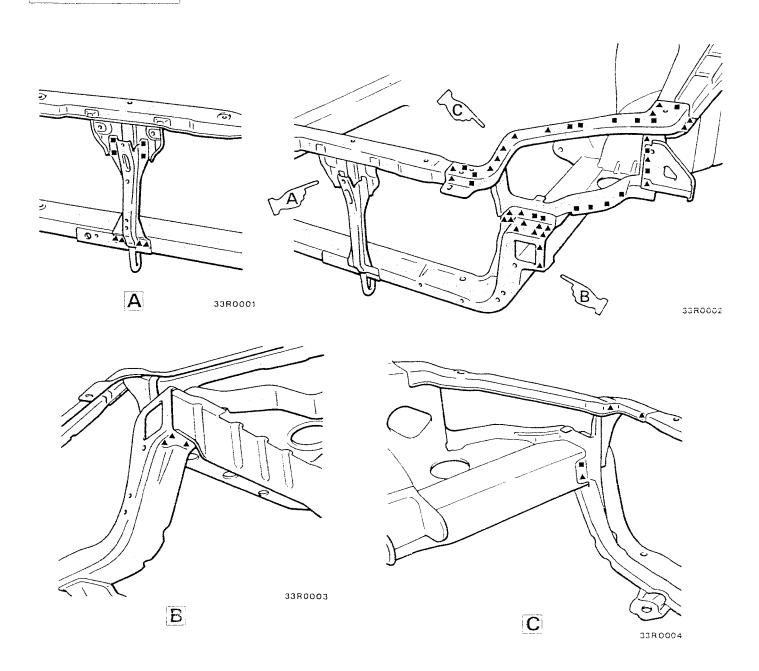
HEADLAMP SUPPORT	3-2
SIDE SILL	3-3
FENDER SHIELD	3-4
FRONT PILLAR	3-6
QUARTER OUTER	3-8
REAR END PANEL	3-10
ROOF	3-11
REAR FLOOR	3-12
QUARTER INNER	3-14
FRONT DOOR OUTER PANEL	3-16

# **HEADLAMP SUPPORT**

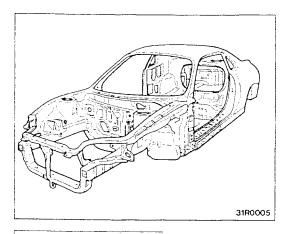


Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
-11111111111111111111111111111111111111	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

**REPAIR WELDS** 

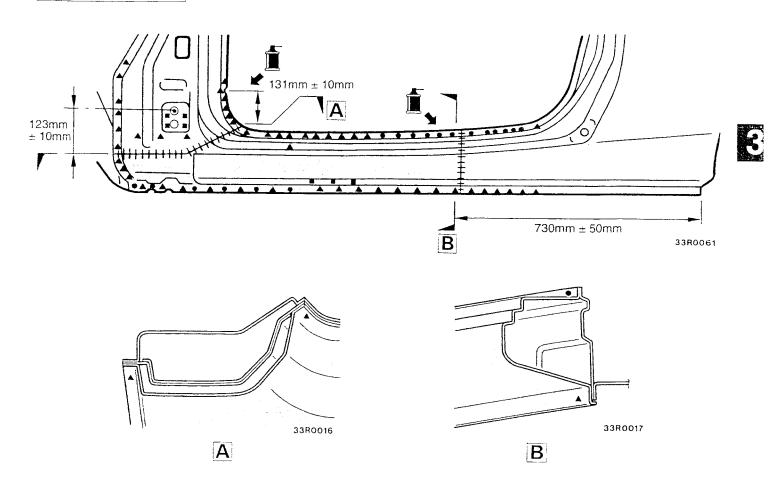


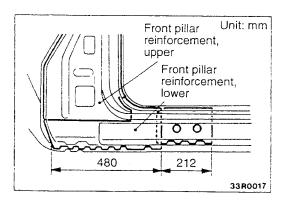
## SIDE SILL



Symbol	Operation description
	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
+++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++++	MIG arc welding (continuous)
00000000	Braze welding
1	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

## **REPAIR WELDS**

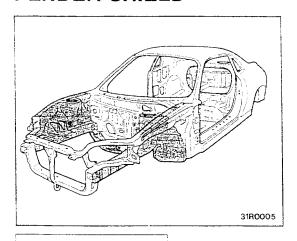




# NOTES WITH REGARD TO REPAIR WORK REMOVAL

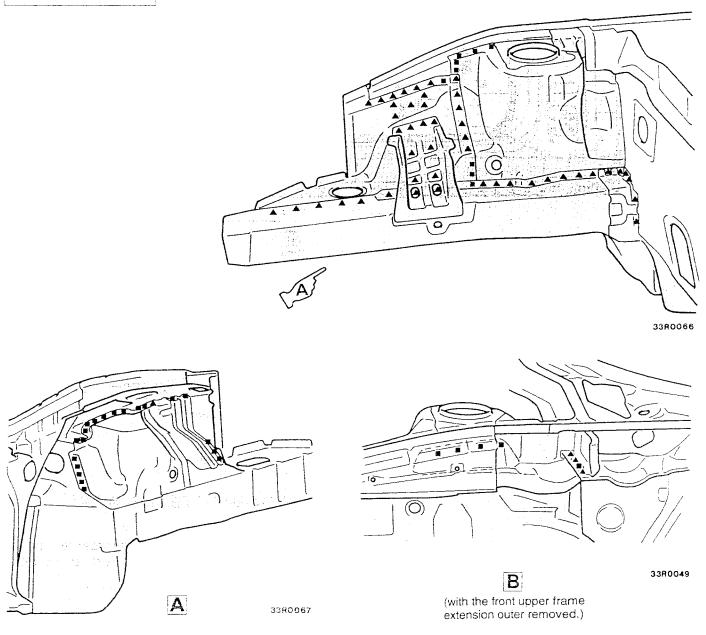
Take care not to damage the front pillar reinforcement upper and front pillar reinforcement lower when cutting the front pillar outer lower.

## **FENDER SHIELD**

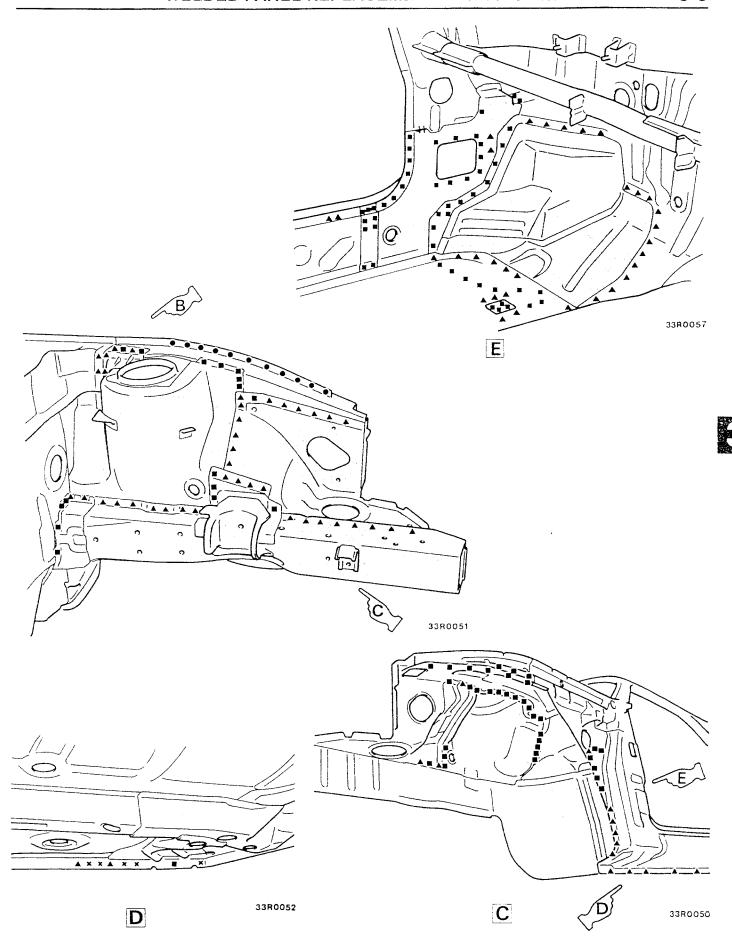


Symbol	Operation description
	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
11811111111111	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

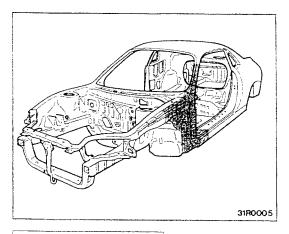
## **REPAIR WELDS**



NOTE: (1) Refer to page 3-2 for the headlamp support weld points.
(2) Refer to page 3-5 FRONT PILLAR for the front upper frame extension outer weld points

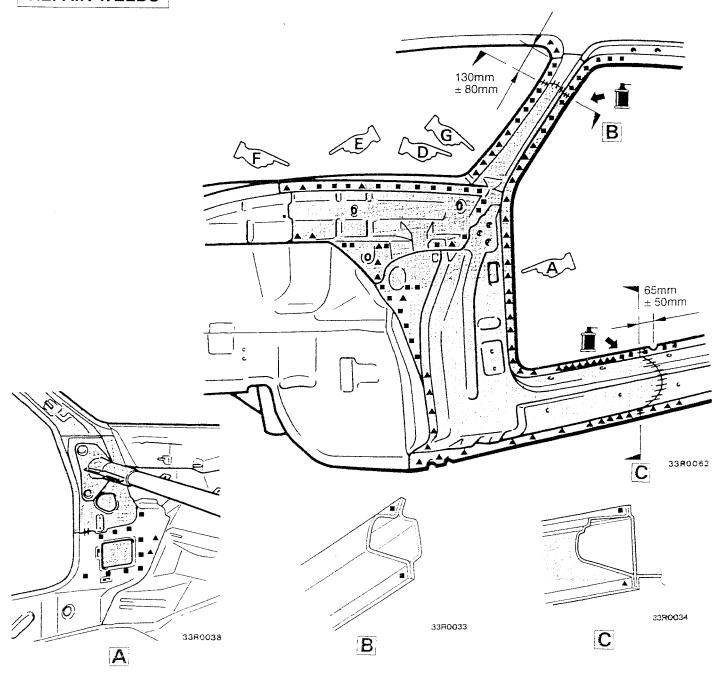


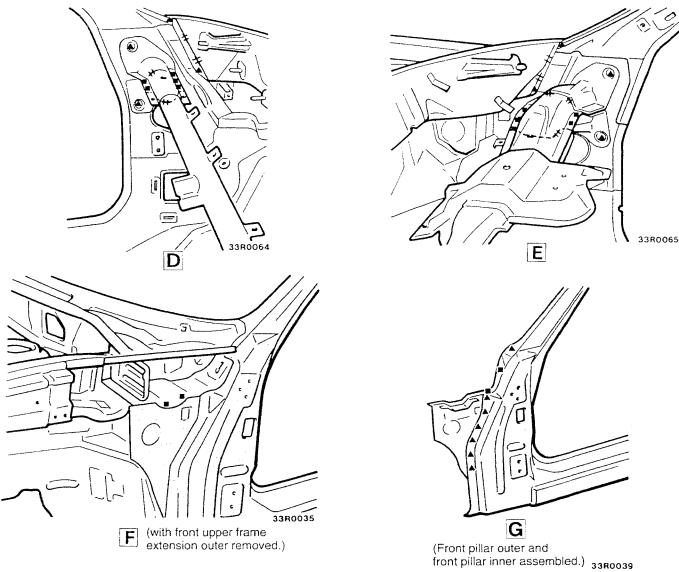
# **FRONT PILLAR**

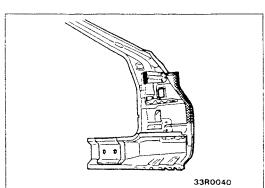


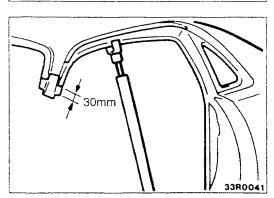
Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
想到本本	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
<del>!!!!!!!!!!!!</del>	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

# REPAIR WELDS









# NOTES WITH REGARD TO REPAIR WORK INSTALLATION

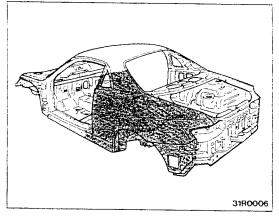
(1) When installing the front pillar outer and front pillar inner, apply sealant and adhesive to indicated area.

: Sealant : Adhesive

Adhesive	Type	Brand
	Epoxyresin adhesive	3M DP-420

(2) Cut the front pillar outer panel 30 mm above the cut line of the inner panel to butt weld a new front pillar to the body. Then cut the new front pillar to correspond to it.

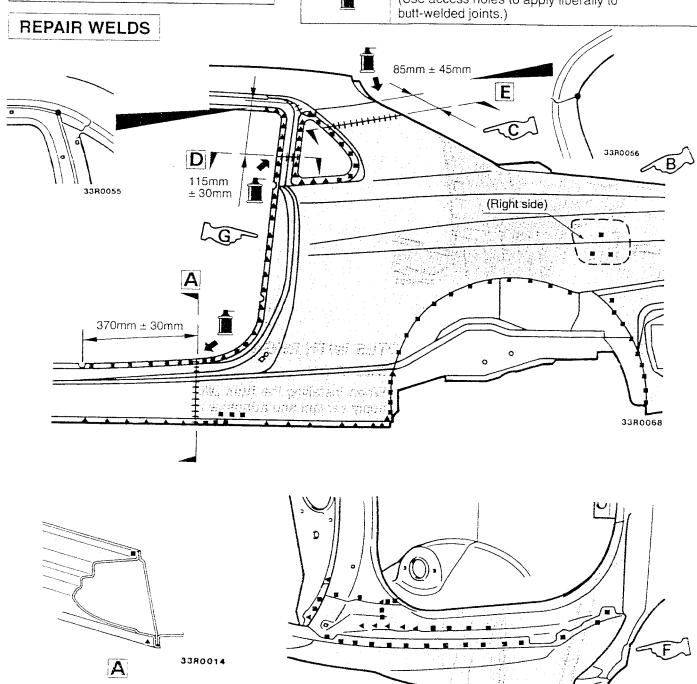
# **QUARTER OUTER**

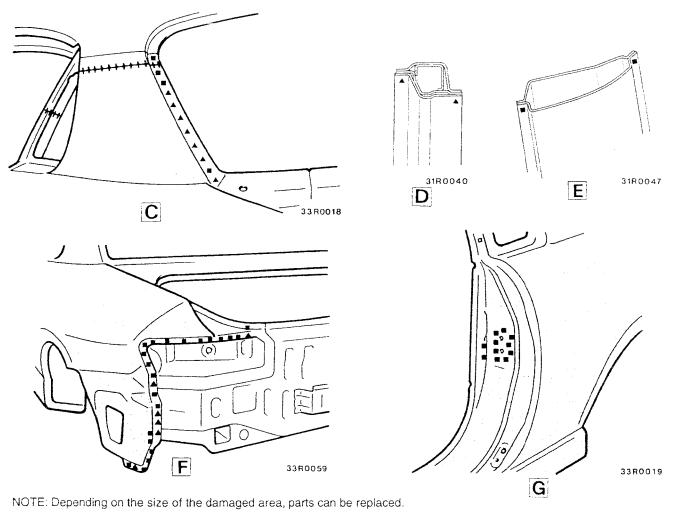


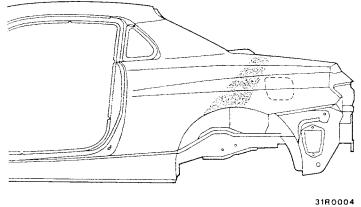
Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
温 瀬 本本	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

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B

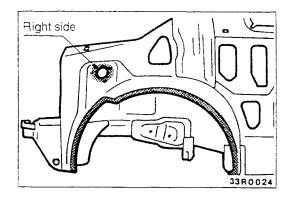






: Area that can be cut

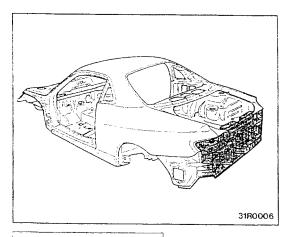
\* Do not cut the fuel filler bracket (left side).



# NOTES WITH REGARD TO REPAIR WORK INSTALLATION

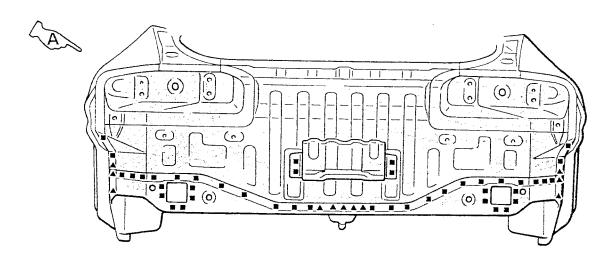
(1) Apply body sealant to the shown position.

# **REAR END PANEL**

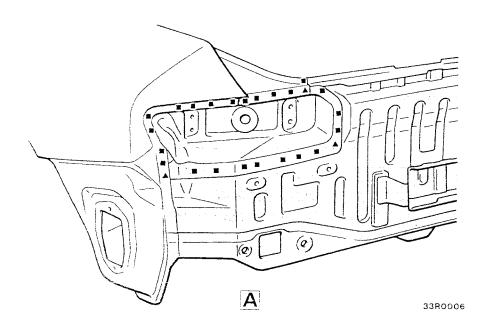


Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
11311111111111	MIG arc welding (continuous)
00000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

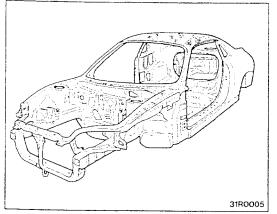
# REPAIR WELDS



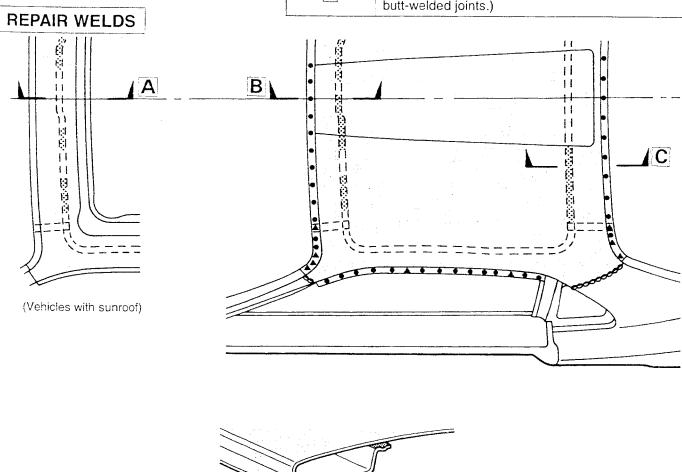
33R0005

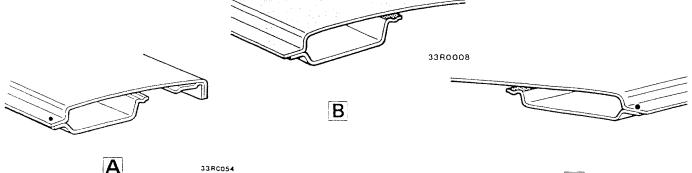


# **ROOF**



Symbol	Operation description
	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
Í	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)





(Vehicles with sunroof)

: Adhesive

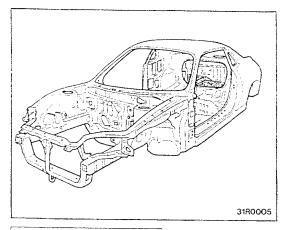
Adhesive Type

Chloroprene-base drying sealant

C

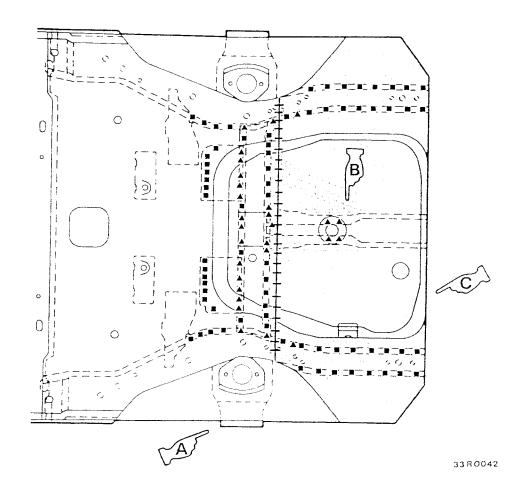
33R0009

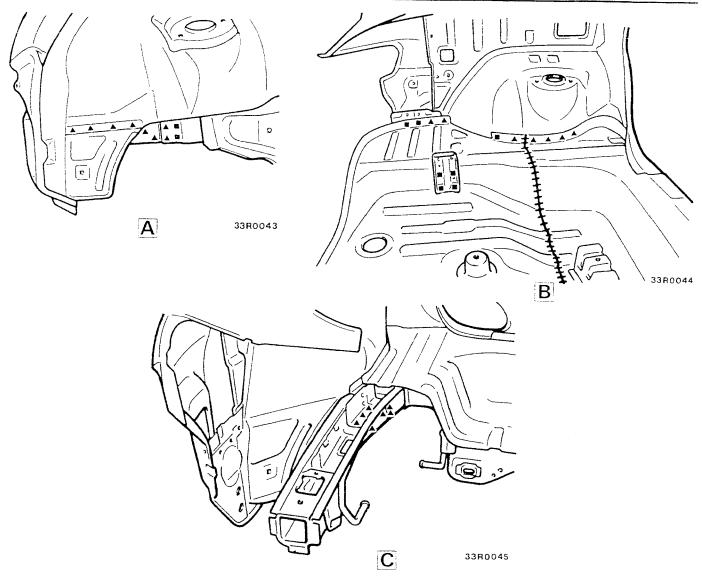
# **REAR FLOOR**

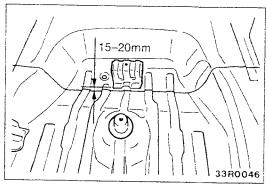


Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
***************************************	MIG arc welding (continuous)
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

# REPAIR WELDS



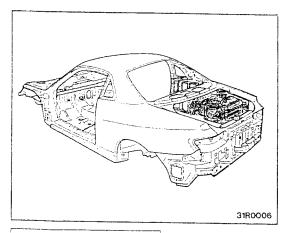




# NOTES WITH REGARD TO REPAIR WORK REMOVAL

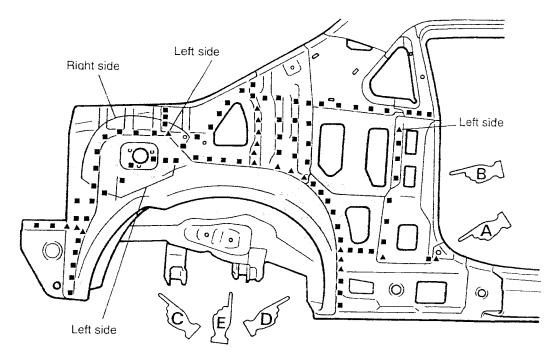
Cut the rear floor pan  $15-20\ \text{mm}$  back from the spare tyre support bracket end.

# **QUARTER INNER**

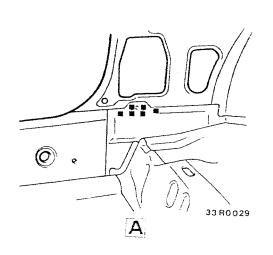


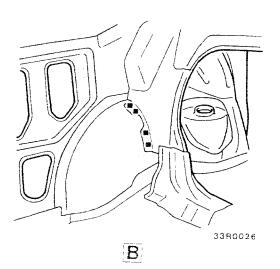
Symbol	Operation description
• • • •	Spot welding
護 墨 ▲ ▲	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
<del>\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\</del>	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

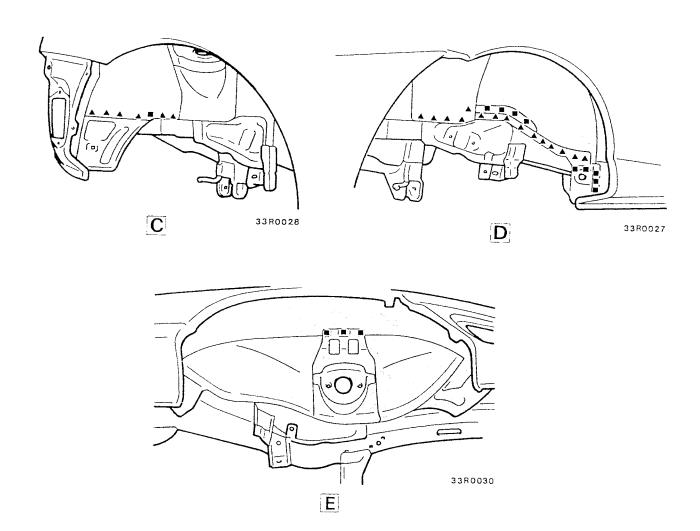
## REPAIR WELDS



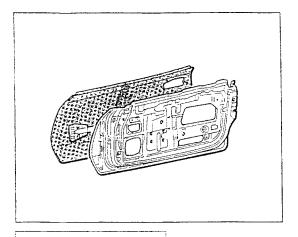
33R0025





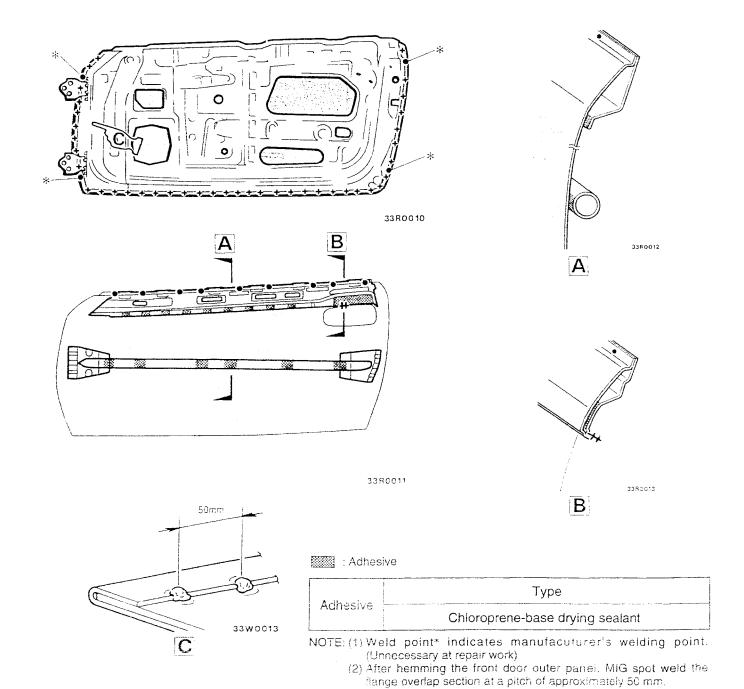


## FRONT DOOR OUTER PANEL



Symbol	Operation description
	Spot welding
	MIG plug welding ■ indicates two panels to be welded ▲ indicates three panels to be welded
++++	MIG spot welding
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	MIG arc welding (continuous)
000000000	Braze welding
Í	Anti-corrosion agent application locations (Use access holes to apply liberally to butt-welded joints.)

## REPAIR WELDS



# 4 CORROSION PROTECTION

BODY SEALING LOCATIONS	4-2
FLOOR	4-2
UPPER BODY	4-2
SIDE BODY	4-2
ANTICORROSION PRIMER LOCATIONS	4-4
UNDERCOAT APPLICATION LOCATIONS	1-1

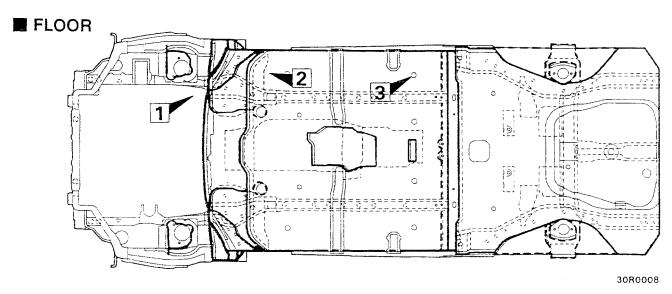


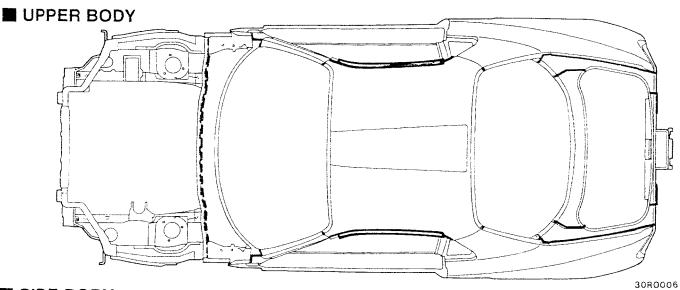
# **BODY SEALING LOCATIONS**

#### NOTES WITH REGARD TO REPAIR WORK

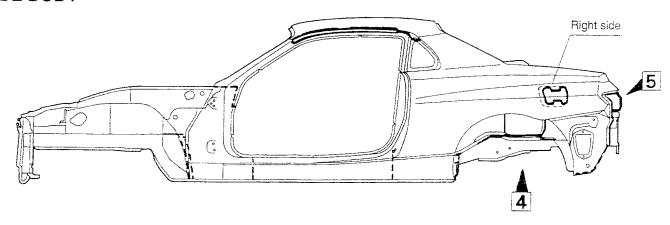
In places where the sealant can be directly seen on surfaces such as drip rails, pillars or clinch, and where the appearance of the paint surface is important, apply sealant or wipe away sealant after application to make the amount of sealant even. Be careful not to cover the drain hole.

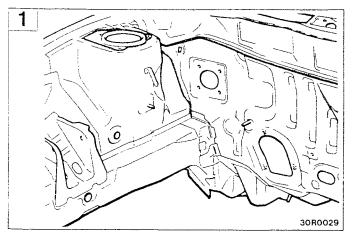
Places indicated by thick dotted lines indicate application locations on the underside of the vehicle.

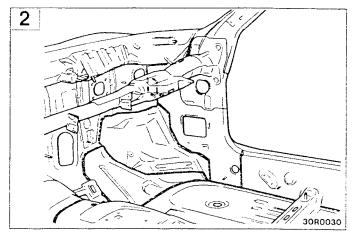


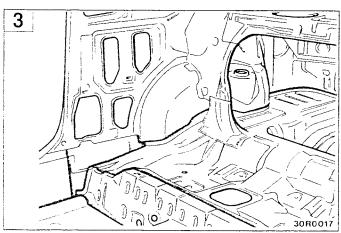


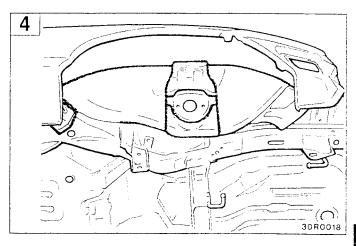
#### SIDE BODY

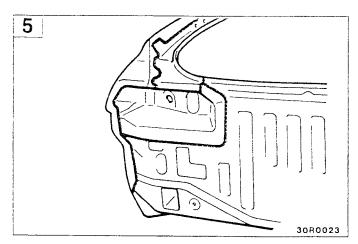


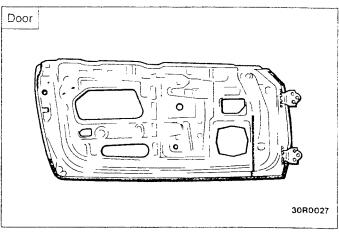


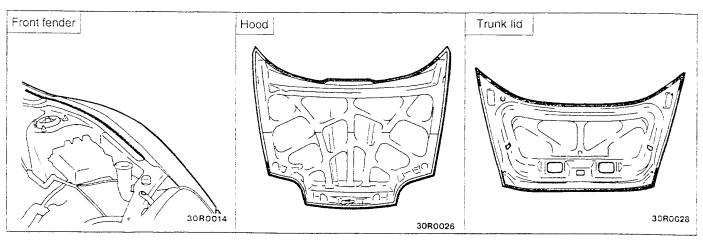








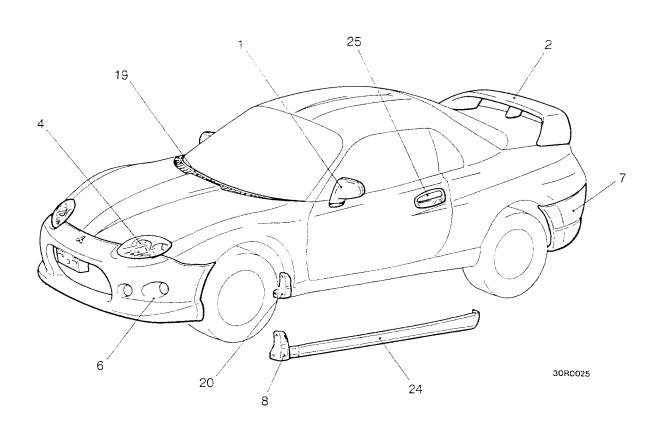


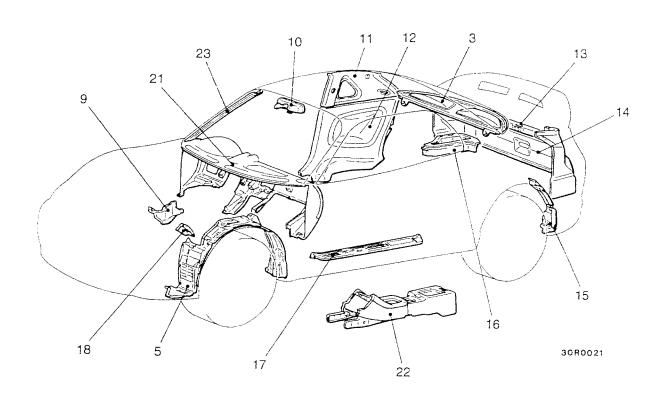


# 5 SYNTHETIC-RESIN PARTS

LOCATION OF SYNTHETIC-RESIN PARTS	5-2	)
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# LOCATION OF SYNTHETIC-RESIN PARTS





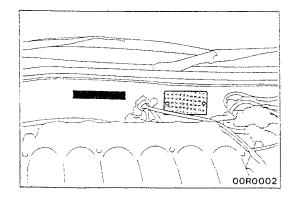
No.	Part name	Name of resin	Abbreviation	Heat-withstand. temp (°C)
1 2 3	Door mirror Air spoiler Rear shelf trim	Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene	ABS	75 – 105
4	Headlamp	Polycarbonate	PC	130
5	Splash shield	Polyethylene	PE	40 – 80
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18	Front bumper face Rear bumper face Front side air dam Cowl side trim Inside rear view mirror Rear pillar trim Quarter trim, lower Rear end trim cover Trunk rear trim Rear splash shield Trunk side box Front scuff plate Footrest	Polypropylene	PP	60 – 100
19 20 21 22	Front deck garnish Stone guard Instrument panel Floor console	Talc filled polypropylene	PP-TD (PPF)	100 – 110
23	Front pillar trim	Talc filled polypropylene	PP-TD20 (PPF)	100 – 110
24	Rear side air dam	Thermoplastic elastomer (olefine-base)	TPO	80
25	Front door outside handle	Polycarbonate+ polybutylene telephtalate	PC+PET	115

#### NOTE:

- (1) The indicated heat-resistance temperature for parts which are composed of two or more types or more materials is the value for the material with the lowest heat resistance temperature.
- (2) If the new material symbols designated by the ISO differ from the old symbols, both are given, with the old symbol being enclosed in brackets. ISO: International Organization for Standalization
- (3) The materials symbols for synthetic resin parts are embossed on the parts in hidden places.
- (4) A slash (/) in the materials symbol indicates that two different materials make 2-layer construction. A plus sign (+) indicates that the two different materials mix each other.

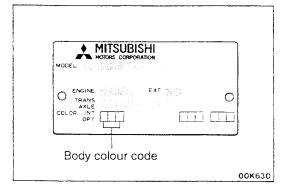
# 6 BODY COLOUR

BODY COLOUR CODE	6-2
BODY COLOUR CHART	6-2
BODY COLOURING	6-3
BLACK COLOURING	6-3



## **BODY COLOUR CODE**

1. The body colour code is imprinted on the vehicle information code plate, which is mounted on the underside of the hood.



2. The information contained in the body colour code is explained in the body colour charts.

## **BODY COLOUR CHARTS**

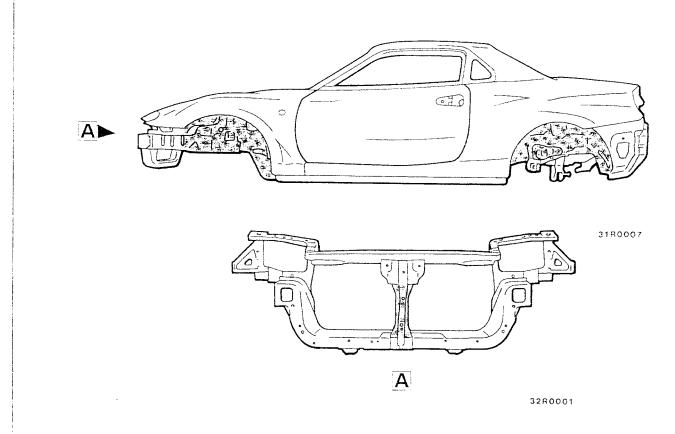
Check the vehicle's body colour code and then use this body colour chart to determine the refinishing paint supplier from which the colour can be purchased.

acturer	code		Colour	Doducala		Engine compartment and luggage compartment colour	
		number	Body colour name	Composition of film	Colour Number	Colour	
anuf	SILVER	A26	AC11126	Symphonic Silver	Metallic	AC11235	LIGHT GRAY
by m	DARK BLUE	T73	AC11173	ljssel Blue	Interference Pearl	AC11194	DARK BLUE
sed	DARK GREEN	G13	AC11213	Timber Green	Interference Pearl	AC11255	GREEN
aint u	BLACK	X08	AC11008	Pyreness Black	Coloured Pearl	AC10903	BLACK
Pa	WHITE	W83	AC10983	Scotia White	Solid	AC10863	WHITE
	RED	R71	AC11071	Passion Red	Solid	AC10795	RED

# **BODY COLOURING**

## **BLACK COLOURING**

(Except for Pyrenees Black AC11008)



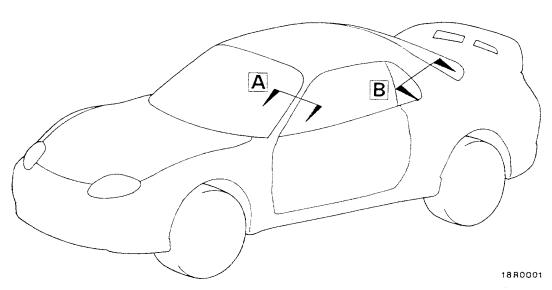
E : AC10657 (Black)

# 7 WIRING AND PIPING DIAGRAM

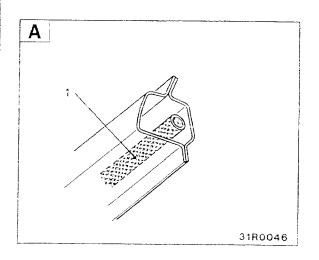
WIRING AND PIPING DIAGRAM	7-5	2
WIRING AND PIPING DIAGRAM		

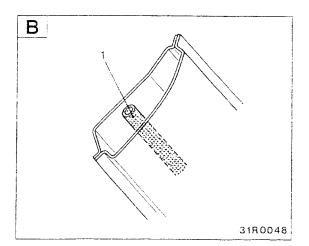
# WIRING AND PIPING DIAGRAM

There are hoses routed through closed-section structures in some areas of the body; before cutting a panel in any these areas, be sure to remove the hoses.



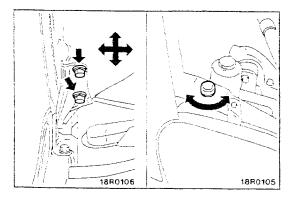
1. Drain hose (vehicles with sunroof)

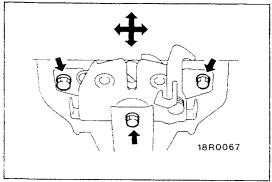




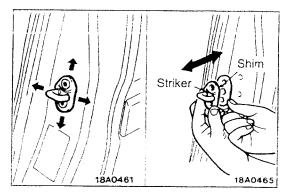
# 8 REFERENCE MATERIAL

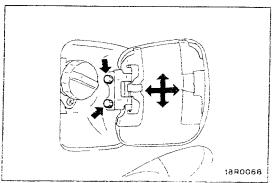
BOLTED PANEL FIT AND ADJUSTMENT	8-2
HOOD	8-2
DOOR	8-2
FUEL FILLER DOOR	8-2
TRUNK LID	8-3
INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF	
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SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS)	8-9





# MB990900 or MB991164 18A0381





# BOLTED PANEL FIT AND ADJUSTMENT

#### HOOD

#### HOOD FIT ADJUSTMENT

(1) If the clearance between the hood and body is not uniform, loosen the hood mounting bolts and move the hood to adjust so that the clearance around the hood is uniform.

#### Hood mounting bolt tightening torque: 12 Nm

- (2) Turn the hood bumpers either left or right to adjust the height of the hood.
- (3) If the step, floating, locking and unlocking of the hood are heavy, check the condition of the release cable, and then loosen the hood latch mounting bolt and adjust the meshing with the hood striker.

Hood latch mounting bolt tightening torque: 9.0 Nm

#### **DOOR**

#### DOOR FIT ADJUSTMENT

(1) If the clearance between the door and body is not uniform, attach the protection tape to the fender around the hinge installation position and door edge. Then use the special tool to loosen the door hinge mounting bolts at the body side, and move the door to adjust so that the clearance around the door is uniform.

#### Door hinge mounting bolt tightening torque: 26 Nm

(2) If there is a stepped section on the door and body, remove the door check spring pin, and use the special tool to loosen the door hinge mounting bolts on the door side. Remove the door to adjust the door fit.

#### Caution

Do not apply the force of 98 Nm or more to the special tool (MB991164).

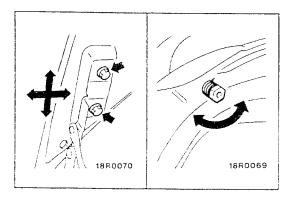
(3) If the door opening and closing is heavy, adjust the meshing between the striker and the door latch (forwardback direction) with the striker mounting shims and by moving the striker up and down and to the left and right.

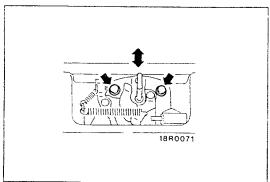
Striker mounting bolt tightening torque: 22 Nm

#### **FUEL FILLER DOOR**

#### FUEL FILLER DOOR FIT ADJUSTMENT

Loosen the fuel filler door mounting screws and adjust the fuel filler door so that the clearance around the fuel filler door is even without any height difference.





#### TRUNK LID

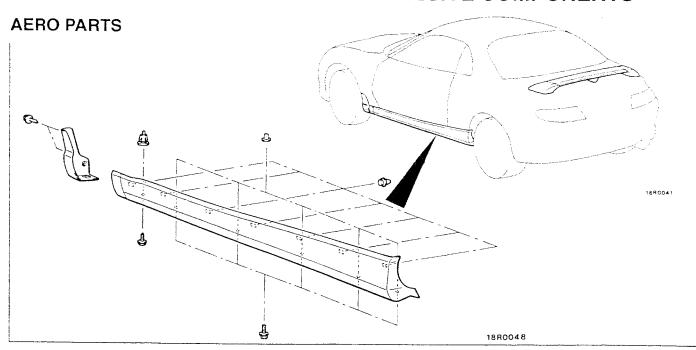
#### TRUNK LID FIT ADJUSTMENT

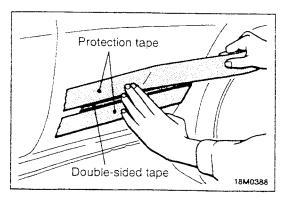
(1) If the clearance between the trunk lid and the body is not uniform, loosen the trunk lid mounting bolts and move the trunk lid to adjust so that the clearance around the trunk lid is uniform.

#### Trunk lid mounting bolt tightening torque: 12 Nm

- (2) Turn the trunk lid bumper to adjust the step of the trunk lid.
- (3) If the floating, locking and unlocking of the trunk lid are heavy, check the condition of the release cable, and then loosen the trunk lid latch mounting bolts and move the trunk lid striker to adjust the meshing with the trunk lid latch.

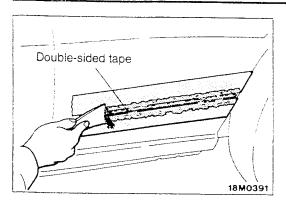
# INSTALLATION AND REMOVAL OF ADHESIVE COMPONENTS



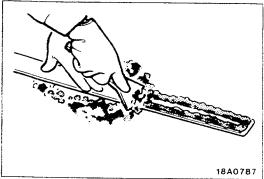


#### REMOVAL

1. Attach protection tape all the way along the edges of the double-sided tape which is still adhering to the body.



- 2. Use a resin spatula to scrape off the double-sided tape.
- 3. Peel off the protection tape.
- 4. Wipe the body surface and clean it with a rag moistened with isopropyl alcohol.

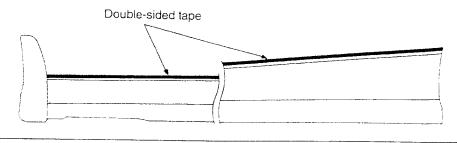


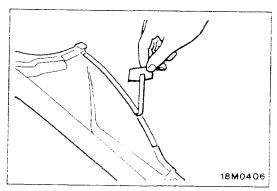
#### INSTALLATION

# Double-sided tape affixing to the side protect moulding (when reusing)

- 1. Scrape off the double-sided tape with resin spatula or gasket scraper.
- 2. Wipe the side protector moulding adhesion surface and clean it with a rag moistened with isopropyl alcohol.
- 3. Affix specified pressure sensitive double-sided tape to the side protector moulding.

Specified adhesive tape: Double-sided tape <5 mm width and 1.2 mm thickness>





4. Remove strip paper from the pressure sensitive doubte-sided tape.

#### NOTE

Affix double-sided tape to the end of strip paper for ease of strip paper removal.

18R0055

5. Install the side protector moulding.

#### NOTE

If it is hard to affix the pressure sensitive double-sided tape in winter, heat the application surface of the body and the adhesive surface of the side protector moulding before affixing the tape.

Body	40 —	60°C
Side protect moulding	20 -	30°C

Apply pressure fully to the side protector moulding.

#### ADJUSTMENT OF OTHER PARTS

#### FRONT WHEEL ALIGNMENT

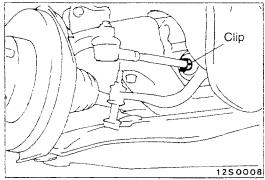
Measure the wheel alignment with the vehicle parked on a level surface.

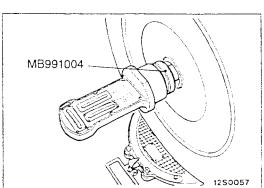
The front suspension, steering system, and wheels should be serviced to normal condition prior to measurement of wheel alignment.

#### TOE-IN

#### Standard value:

At the centre of tyre tread  $0 \pm 3$  mm Toe angle (per wheel)  $0^{\circ}00' \pm 08'$ 





(1) If the toe-in is not within the standard value, adjust the toe-in by undoing the clips and turning the left and right tie rod turnbuckles by the same amount (in opposite directions).

#### NOTE

The toe will move out as the left turnbuckle is turned toward the front of the vehicle and the right turnbuckle is turned toward the rear of the vehicle.

(2) Use a turning radius gauge to check that the steering angle is at the standard value.

#### CAMBER, CASTER AND KINGPIN INCLINATION Standard value:

#### Camber

0°00' ± 30' (The difference between the left and right wheels should be 30' or less)

2°48' ± 30' (The difference between the left and right wheels should be 30' or less)

Kingpin inclination 12°52'



#### NOTE

- 1. Camber and caster are preset at the factory and cannot be adjusted.
- 2. If camber is not within the standard value, check and replace bent or damaged parts.
- 3. For vehicles with aluminium type wheels, attach the camber/caster/kingpin gauge to the drive shaft by using the special tool. Tighten the special tool to the same torque 200 250 Nm as the drive shaft nut.

#### Caution

Never subject the wheel bearings to the vehicle load when the drive shaft nuts are loosened.

#### **REAR WHEEL ALIGNMENT**

Measure the wheel alignment with the vehicle parked on level ground.

The rear suspension and wheels should be serviced to the normal condition prior to measurement of wheel alignment.

#### TOE-IN

#### Standard value:

At the centre of tyre tread  $3 \pm 2$  mm Toe angle (per wheel)  $0^{\circ}08' \pm 05'$ 

If outside the standard value, adjust by the following procedure.

- (1) Be sure to adjust the camber before adjusting the toe-in.
- (2) Adjust by turning the toe adjusting bolt (mounting bolt on the inside of the control link).

LH: Turning clockwise → toe-in direction

RH: Turning clockwise → toe-out direction

The scale has gradations of approximately 2.6 mm (single side toe angle equivalent to 16').

#### CAMBER

#### Standard value:

-1°00' ± 30' (The difference between the left and right wheels should be 30' or less.)

If outside the standard value, adjust by the following procedure.

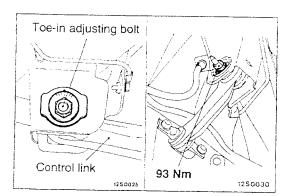
- (1) Remove the connection between the control link and the trailing arm.
- (2) Adjust by turning the camber adjusting bolt (mounting bolt for the lower arm and rear crossmember).

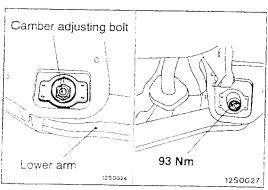
Left wheel: clockwise + camber

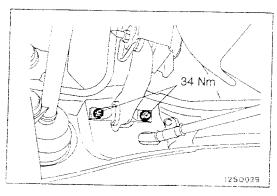
Right wheel: clockwise - camber

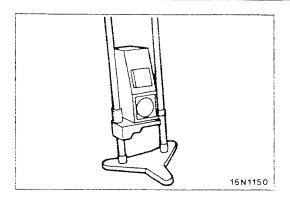
The scale has gradations of approximately 14'

- (3) Tighten the control link to the trailing arm at the specified torque.
- (4) After adjusting the camber, be sure to adjust the toe-in.









#### **HEADLAMP AIMING**

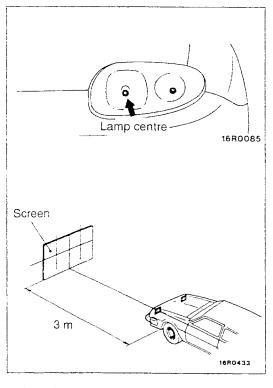
#### **<USING A BEAMSETTING EQUIPMENT>**

1. The headlamps should be aimed with the proper beamsetting equipment, and in accordance with the equipment manufacture's instructions.

#### NOTE

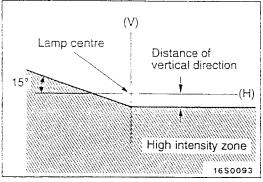
If there are any regulations pertinent to the aiming of headlamps in the area where the vehicle is to be used, adjust so as to meet those requirements.

- 2. Alternately turn the adjusting screw to adjust the headlamp aiming.
- 3. With the engine running at 2,000 r/min, aim the headlamp.



#### **<USING A SCREEN>**

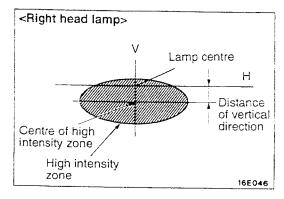
- 1. Inflate the tyres to the specified pressures and there should be no other load in the vehicles other than driver or substituted weight of approximately 75 kg placed in driver's position.
- 2. Set the distance between the screen and the centre marks of the headlamps as shown in the illustration.

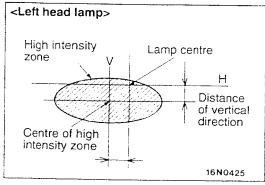


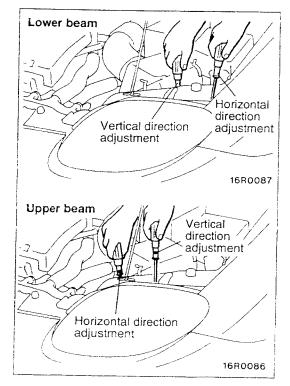
3. Check if the beam shining onto the screen is at the standard value.

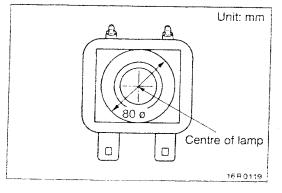
#### Standard value:

<For lower beam adjustment>
 (Vertical direction)
 22 mm below horizontal (H)
 (Horizontal direction)
 Position where the 15° sloping section intersects the vertical line (V)









#### Standard value:

<For upper beam adjustment>
 (Vertical direction)
 22 mm below horizontal (H)
 (Horizontal direction)
 Left headlamp: Parallel to direction of vehicle travel
 Right headlamp: 13 mm to the left

#### Caution

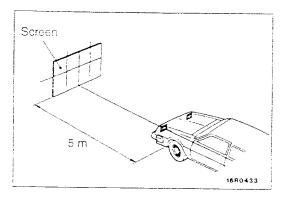
- 1. When making the aiming adjustment, be sure to mask those lamps which are not being adjusted.
- When it is difficult, because of outside light, to distinguish the light/dark dividing line, use a curtain, screen or similar material to reduce the effects of the outside light.
- 4. Alternately turn the adjusting screw to adjust the headlamp aiming.

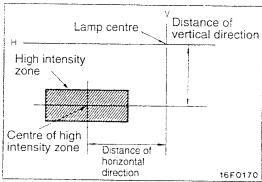
#### Caution

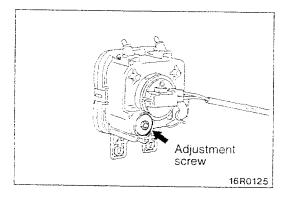
Be sure to adjust the aiming adjustment screw in the tightening direction.

#### FRONT FOG LAMP AIMING

1. Measure the centre of the fog lamps, as shown in the illustration.







- 2. Set the distance between the screen and the centre of the fog lamps as shown in the illustrations.
- 3. Inflate the tyres to the specified pressures and there should be no other load in the vehicles other than driver or substituted weight of approximately 75 kg placed in the driver's position.
- 4. With the engine running at 2,000 r/min, aim the fog lamp.
- 5. Check if the beam shining onto the screen is at the standard value.

#### Standard value:

(Vertical direction)
47 mm below horizontal (H)
(Horizontal direction)
35 mm to left of vertical line (V)

#### NOTE

The horizontal direction is non-adjustable. If the deviation of the light beam axis exceeds the standard value, check to be sure that the mounting location or some other point is not defective.

#### Caution

When making the aiming adjustment, be sure to mask those lamps which are not being adjusted.

# SUPPLEMENTAL RESTRAINT SYSTEM (SRS) - AIR BAG

#### **WARNING!**

- (1) Improper service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component, can lead to personal injury or death to service personnel (from inadvertent firing of the air bag) or to the driver and passenger (from rendering the SRS inoperative).
- (2) SRS components should not be subjected to heat, so remove the SRS-ECU, air bag module and clock spring before drying or baking the vehicle after painting. SRS-ECU, air bag module, clock spring: 93°C or more
- (3) Service or maintenance of any SRS component or SRS-related component must be performed only at an authorized MITSUBISHI dealer.
- (4) MITSUBISHI dealer personnel must thoroughly review Workshop Manual, and especially its GROUP 52B - Supplemental Restraint System (SRS), before beginning any service or maintenance of any component of the SRS or any SRS-related component.